SM202

# **SERVICE MANUAL**

# CX20 SERIES FORKLIFT TRUCKS - S/N 130001A~

Federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Emission Control Compliant

**GASOLINE & LPG:** 

**DIESEL:** 

FG35/45ST-8

FG40/45T(2)-8

FG35/45BCS-8

**FG50AT2-8** 

FG40ZT(2)-8

FD40/45T(2)-8

FD50AT2-8

FD40ZT(2)-8

**CX20** 







# **WARNING**

Read and observe all warnings on this unit before operating it.

**DO NOT** operate this equipment unless all factory installed guards and shields are properly secured in place.

KOMATSU

Komatsu Forklift USA, Inc.

**ISSUED: NOVEMBER 2004** 

#### INTRODUCTION

This Service Manual has been developed as an information resource to help the reader learn about, understand, repair and maintain the CXO Series forklift trucks, and the various equipment, systems, inspections, sensors, diagnostic procedures and diagnostic equipment utilized to maintain, adjust and troubleshoot these systems. Although reference is made to maintenance procedures necessary to perform servicing of this vehicle, you should refer to the applicable *Operation and Maintenance Manual* for these lift trucks for more complete maintenance information.

Komatsu is involved in a concentrated and highly technical program of designing and developing cleaner burning, more efficient and more powerful engines for use in the industrial truck market. As a result, new computerized sensors, systems and diagnostic monitors have been created to make the job of maintaining and repairing these systems simple and easy.

Read this manual carefully, refer to it often and learn the repair, testing and adjustment procedures to the best of your ability. Please note that some illustrations are generic and may not look exactly like your unit in every detail.

Ensure that, when you are working on or around industrial trucks, **Safety is priority Number One**. Read, understand and obey all **WARNINGS** and **CAUTIONS**.

Follow the instructions and procedures presented in this manual when working on these lift trucks and their systems. Damage to the equipment, and possible injury to yourself or others, may result if these procedures are not adhered to carefully.

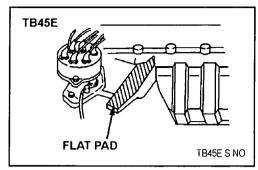
Keep this manual nearby and accessible for use when necessary. If this book becomes dirty, worn or illegible, contact Komatsu for a replacement. The procedures outlined in this manual will be updated periodically. Be sure that you have the latest revision in order to learn the newest information available. Revision dates will be clearly displayed on the lower left hand corner of the cover page.

This will aid in maintaining your equipment in excellent condition and in ensuring that these lift trucks will operate safely at maximum efficiency.

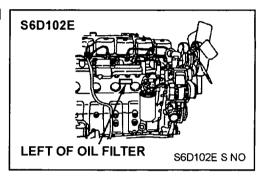
### **ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER LOCATION**

The TB45E series engine serial number is stamped on a flat machined, painted pad on the right side of the engine block just behind the distributor. The right side is determined by the operator's right side when seated on the lift truck.

The serial number faces upwards for ease of identification.



The S6D102E series engine serial number is stamped on the left side of the engine to the left of the oil filter.



# **NOTICE**

For EPA TB45E(D)(G)(L) engine-related troubleshooting, refer to the following manual:

• TM100 - "EPA Engine Training Manual"

# **NOTICE**

For EPA S6D102E engine-related troubleshooting, refer to the following manual:

SM140 - "S6D102E Service Manual"

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# FORKLIFT TRUCKS COVERED IN THIS PUBLICATION

# S/N 130001A~

KOMATSU MODEL DESIGNATION	DESCRIPTION	ENGINE
7 5	Gasoline and LPG Trucks	
FG35ST-8	8,000 lb. capacity, cushion tire truck, 1-speed transmission	TB45
FG35BCS-8	8,000 lb. capacity, cushion tire truck, Box Car Special (BCS), 1-spd. trans.	TB45
FG40ZT-8	8,000 lb. capacity, pneumatic tire truck, compact wheelbase, 1-spd. trans.	TB45
FG40ZT2-8	8,000 lb. capacity, pneumatic tire truck, compact wheelbase, 2-spd trans.	TB45
FG40T-8	9,000 lb. capacity, pneumatic tire truck, long wheelbase, 1-spd. trans.	TB45
FG40T2-8	9,000 lb. capacity, pneumatic tire truck,long wheelbase, 2-spd. trans.	TB45
FG45T-8	10,000 lb. capacity, pneumatic tire truck, long wheelbase, 1-spd. trans.	TB45
FG45T2-8	10,000 lb. capacity, pneumatic tire truck, long wheelbase, 2-spd. trans.	TB45
FG45ST-8	10,000 lb. capacity, cushion tire truck, long wheelbase, 1-spd. trans.	TB45
FG45BCS-8	10,000 lb. capacity, cushion tire truck, Box Car Special (BCS), 1-spd. trans.	TB45
FG50AT2-8	11,000 lb. capacity, pneumatic tire truck, long wheelbase, 2-spd. trans.	TB45
	Diesel Trucks	
FD40ZT-8	8,000 lb. capacity, pneumatic tire truck, compact wheelbase, 1-spd. trans.	S6D102E
FD40ZT2-8	8,000 lb. capacity, pneumatic tire truck, compact wheelbase, 2-spd. trans.	S6D102E
FD40T-8	9,000 lb. capacity, pneumatic tire truck, long wheelbase, 1-spd. trans.	S6D102E
FD40T2-8	9,000 lb. capacity, pneumatic tire truck, long wheelbase, 2-spd. trans.	S6D102E
FD45T-8	10,000 lb. capacity, pneumatic tire truck, long wheelbase, 1-spd. trans.	S6D102E
FD45T2-8	10,000 lb. capacity, pneumatic tire truck, long wheelbase, 2-spd. trans.	S6D102E
FD50AT2-8	11,000 lb. capacity, pneumatic tire truck, long wheelbase, 2-spd. trans.	S6D102E

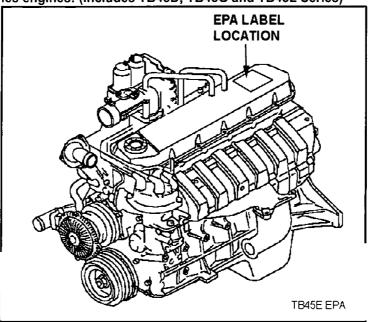
# FEDERAL EPA EMISSION CONTROL STATEMENT FOR OFF-ROAD LSI (NON-DIESEL) ENGINES (TB45E ENGINES)

This section presents information concerning the correct labeling, warranty, parts and maintenance of TB45E engines in order to comply with the EPA off-road, large-spark-ignition (LSI) engine regulations.

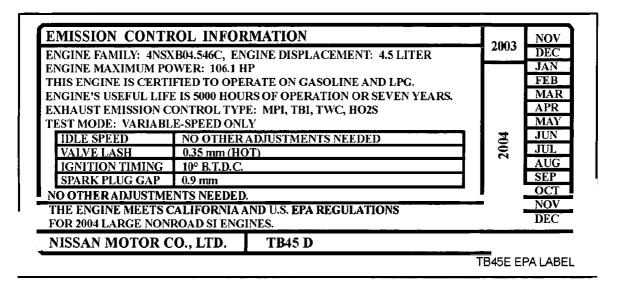
#### 1. LABELS REQUIRED AND LABEL LOCATIONS

All engines will display the required identification label as follows. Note that decal content will vary between gasoline, LP snd Dual-Fuel engines.





Emission compliance label (DUAL-FUEL (D) SAMPLE shown below)



#### 2. WARRANTY

The following statement is hereby provided as required by regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

#### YOUR WARRANTY RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

All off-road large spark-ignition (LSI) engines must be designed, built and equipped to meet the Federal EPA's stringent anti-smog standards.

Komatsu Forklift USA, Inc. ("KFI") must warrant the emission control system on your engine for the periods of time listed below provided there has been no abuse, damage, neglect or improper maintenance of your engine.

Your emission control system may include parts such as the carburetor, regulator or fuel-injection system, ignition system, engine computer unit (ECM), catalytic converter and air induction system.

Also included may be sensors, hoses, belts, connectors and other emission-related assemblies.

Where a warrantable condition exists, an Authorized Komatsu Forklift Dealer will repair your LSI engine at no cost to you, including diagnosis, parts and labor.

#### **MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY COVERAGE**

Beginning January 1, 2004 off-road large spark-ignition EPA engines are warranted for the time periods listed below. If any emission-related part on your engine is defective, the part will be repaired or replaced by an Authorized Komatsu Forklift Dealer.

#### **OWNER'S WARRANTY RESPONSIBILITIES**

As the off-road LSI engine owner, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance listed in your Operation and Maintenance Manual.

KFI recommends that you retain receipts covering maintenance on your off-road engine, but KFI cannot deny warranty solely for the lack of receipts or for your failure to ensure the performance of all scheduled maintenance.

As the off-road large spark-ignition engine owner, you should be aware, however, that KFI may deny you warranty coverage if your off-road large spark-ignition engine, or a part thereof, has failed due to abuse, damage, neglect, improper maintenance or unapproved modifications.

Your engine is designed to operate on gasoline and/or LPG fuel. Use of any other fuel may result in your engine no longer operating in compliance with the Federal EPA's emissions requirements.

You are responsible for initiating the warranty process. It is suggested that you present your off-road large sparkignition engine to an Authorized Komatsu Dealer as soon as you become aware that a problem exists. The warranty repairs should be completed by the dealer as expeditiously as possible.

If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities, you should contact Komatsu's Product Support Dept. at 1-770-385-4815.

In addition to the standard warranty periods, the components listed below are covered by the following specific warranty periods.

#### EMISSION CONTROL WARRANTY - 36 MONTHS OR 2,500 HOURS FOR GENERAL PARTS

For the first 2,500 operating hours, or for a period of thirty-six months from the date of the first use by the original purchaser from an Authorized Komatsu Forklift Dealer, whichever occurs first, KFI warrants the following emission-related parts:

- · Oxygen sensor
- Water temperature sensor
- · LPG injector
- · LPG solenoid
- · Mass air flow sensor
- Ignition coil
- Camshaft position sensor
- Spark plugs

- PCV valve
- · Gasoline injector
- · LPG pressure sensor
- · LPG switching module
- · Throttle chamber
- · Crankshaft position sensor
- Distributor

#### EMISSION CONTROL WARRANTY - 36 MONTHS OR 4,000 HOURS FOR POWER TRAIN PARTS

- · Intake manifold
- · Exhaust manifold

# EMISSION CONTROL WARRANTY - 60 MONTHS OR 3,500 HOURS FOR GENERAL PARTS

- ECM
- · Catalytic converter
- Vaporizer

#### NOTICE

Follow the instructions in the Operations Manual concerning any other maintenance programs not required for EPA compliance.

For questions and additional information concerning EPA Gasoline Engine Exhaust Regulations, contact:

Komatsu Forklift USA, Inc. 14481 Lochridge Blvd., Bldg. #2 Covington, GA 30014-4908

Voice phone: (770) 385-4815 Fax phone: (770) 385-4838

# FEDERAL EPA EMISSION CONTROL STATEMENT FOR OFF-ROAD DIESEL ENGINES (S6D102E ENGINES)

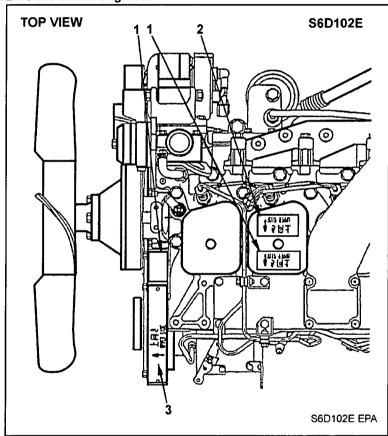
Exhaust emissions produced by diesel engines are regulated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). This section presents information concerning the correct labeling, warranty, parts and maintenance of S6D102E diesel engines in order to comply with current EPA regulations.

#### 1. LABELS REQUIRED AND LABEL LOCATIONS

All certified S6D102E diesel engines will display the required identification labels (4) as follows:

• S6D102E diesel engines: Labels will be affixed to all appropriate engines on KFI production trucks.

# Locations on S6D102E Series diesel engines:



- 1.1 EPA/EC CERTIFICATION DECAL (2 LOCATIONS) (SEE ITEM #1 IN PRECEEDING ILLUSTRATION)
- 1.2 EPA/EC CERTIFICATION ASSISTANCE PLATE (SEE ITEM #2 IN PRECEDING ILLUSTRATION)
- 1.3 EPA/EC CERTIFICATION DATA PLATE (SEE ITEM #3 IN PRECEDING ILLUSTRATION)

#### 1. EPA/EU CERTIFICATION DECAL

IMPORTANT ENGINE INFORMATION
This engine conforms to 2004 U. S.
EPA and California and EU Stage
regulations for heavy duty non-road
compression ignited diesel cycle
engines as applicable
THIS ENGINE IS CERTIFIED TO OPERATE
ON DIESEL FUEL

#### 2. EPA/EU CERTIFICATION ASSISTANCE PLATE

Engine Wodel S6D102E-2 ESN XXXXXXXX Komatsu Ltd. EPA Cert. Famile: XXXXXXXXXXXXXX EU Approvat HO. XXX+XX/XXXX+XX/XXX+XXXX+XX Gross Rated HP/LV XX/XX at XXXXrpm Low Idel RPH XXX rpm FRYYYYY CPL XXXX CIO/L. XXXX/X. X Firing Order XXXXXX liming BTDC XXdeg. Valve Lash Cold in X. XXXcm Ex X. XXXcm Fuel Rate at Rated HP/IV. XXXxxx3/st 6732-81-5870 Date of Manufacture XXXXXXXX

#### 3. EPA/EU CERTIFICATION DATA PLATE

	CID/L.	_	CPL		ENGINE SERIAL N	10.
	FAMILY		KOMATSU PN			
Komatsu LTD.	е				KOMATSU MODEL	<u>_</u>
VARNING: Enlury cas result and varrants is voided     If fuel rate, RPW or altitudes exceed published	VALVE LASH	INCH	INT.	EXH.	TIMING - TDC	<b>+</b>
maximum values for this model and application.		MM	INT.	EXH.	FUEL RATE AT RATED	HP mm³/st
Date of Mfg.	FIRING ORDER	1			FR	LOW IDLE RPM
Made in JAPAN	GROSS RATE	ED HP/KW	l	ΑT	RPM	

S6D102E EPA DECALS

#### 2. WARRANTY

The following statement is hereby provided as required by regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

### YOUR WARRANTY RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

The Federal EPA and Komatsu Forklift USA, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as "KFI") are pleased to explain the emission control system warranty on your 2004 or later Diesel heavy duty off-road engine. All new, heavy-duty off-road engines must be designed, built and equipped to meet the EPA's stringent anti-smog standards. KFI must warrant the emission control system on your engine for the period of time listed below, provided there has been no abuse, damage, neglect or improper maintenance of your engine.

Your emission control system may include parts such as fuel injection pump. Also included may be hoses, belts, connectors and other emission-related assemblies.

Where a warrantable condition exists, an authorized Komatsu dealer will repair the heavy-duty off-road engine at no cost to the owner, including diagnosis, parts and labor.

Now, KFI hereby certifies that diesel engines for lift trucks produced in 2004 model year and after shall be regulated by Federal EPA exhaust gaseous regulations. The difference between current and EPA-certified engines is only the labels attached on the engine. See available drawing and/or illustration of emission label and its location.

#### MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY COVERAGE

Beginning January 1, 2004 heavy-duty off-road EPA engines are warranted for a period of five (5) years, or three-thousand (3,000) hours of operation, whichever occurs first. If any emission-related part on your engine is defective, the part will be repaired or replaced by at an authorized Komatsu Forklift dealer.

#### **EMISSION-RELATED PARTS**

- · Fuel injection pump
- · Fuel injection nozzles
- Turbocharger

#### **OWNER'S WARRANTY RESPONSIBILITIES**

As the heavy-duty off-road engine owner, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance listed in owner's manual (Instruction Manual). KFI recommends that you retain all receipts and records covering the maintenance on your engine, but KFI cannot deny warranty solely for the lack of receipts and records or for your failure to ensure the performance of all scheduled maintenance. For your reference, the following is an emission control maintenance schedule for certified Diesel engines.

- · Check oil level and coolant level Everyday
- · Change of lubricating Every 200 hours
- · Change lubricating oil filter Every 200 hours
- Initial adjustment of valve clearance Every 200 hours
- Change fuel filter Every 500 hours
- Check turbocharger, rebuild or replace if necessary Every 2,000 hours
- Adjust valve clearance Every 2,000 hours
- Check fuel injection nozzles, replace if necessary Every 2,000 hours

Keep records to show proof of compliance with the required maintenance practices and intervals.

- As the heavy-duty off-road engine owner you should, however, be aware that KFI may deny your warranty coverage if your heavy-duty off-road engine or part has failed due to abuse, damage, neglect, improper maintenance or disapproved modifications.
- Your engine is designed to operate on commercial diesel fuel only. Use of any other fuel in our engine
  will result in the engine operating in non-compliance with the Federal EPA regulations.
  You are responsible for initiating the warranty process. It is suggested that you present your heavy duty
  off-road engine to an authorized Komatsu dealer as soon as you become aware that problem exists.
  The warranty repair should be completed by the dealer as expeditiously as possible.
- If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities, you should contact the authorized KFI dealer.

#### **LIMITATIONS**

KFI is not responsible for resultant damages to an emission-related part or component resulting from:

- Any application or installation KFI deems improper as explained in the Instruction Manual.
- · Attachments, accessory items or parts not authorized for use by KFI.
- Improper off-road engine maintenance, repair or abuse.
- Owner's unreasonable delay in making the product available after being notified of a potential product problem.

This warranty is in addition to the KFI standard warranty applicable to the off-road engine product involved.

Remedies under this warranty are limited to the provision of material and services as specified herein. KFI is not responsible for incidental or consequential damages, such as downtime or lost use of the forklift truck.

#### **CUSTOMER ASSISTANCE - EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEMS WARRANTY**

Komatsu Forklift aims to ensure that the Emission Control Systems Warranty is properly administered. In the event that you do not receive the warranty service to which you believe you are entitled under the Emission Control Systems Warranty, call or write to your Komatsu Forklift Dealer.

Authorized dealers are recommended for major maintenance and repair work, as they are staffed with trained personnel, proper tools and are aware of the latest maintenance methods and procedures. Owners and others who desire to perform their own work should purchase a service manual and obtain current service information from their KFI engine dealer.

# NOTICE

Follow the instructions in the Operations Manual concerning any other maintenance programs not required for EPA compliance.

For questions and additional information concerning EPA Diesel Engine Exhaust Regulations, contact:

Komatsu Forklift USA, Inc. 14481 Lochridge Blvd., Bldg. #2 Covington, GA 30014-4908.

Voice phone: (770) 385-4815 Fax phone: (770) 385-4838

### 1. SAFETY MANAGEMENT



# **OPERATION MANUAL AND SAFETY LABELS**

- Read the instructions in this Manual and the Safety Labels attached to the various parts of the lift truck, and make sure that you understand and follow them. If you do not understand or do not follow the instructions, this will lead to improper operation which may lead to damage, personal injury or death.
- Be sure that you understand the proper method of using the lift truck and the procedure for carrying out an inspection, and ensure that they are carried out safely.
- Read this Manual and the Safety Labels again from time to time. If the Operation and Maintenance
  Manual or Safety Labels have been lost or become dirty and cannot be read, obtain replacements
  from your Komatsu Forklift distributor/dealer and attach the Safety Labels in the specified positions.



# **OPERATING QUALIFICATIONS**

- This lift truck should be operated only by qualified personnel. Be sure you have proper qualifications before operating the lift truck.
- When operating this lift truck, even if you have experience in operating other lift trucks, obtain
  instructions from an authorized person who has experience in operating this lift truck or the same
  type of lift truck.



# **CLOTHING AND PERSONAL PROTECTIVE ITEMS**

- Avoid loose clothing, jewelry, and loose long hair. They
  can catch on controls or in moving parts and cause
  serious injury or death.
- Always wear a hard hat and safety boots.
- Depending on the working conditions, wear other safety equipment in addition to the hard hat and safety boots.







# OVERHEAD GUARD, LOAD BACKREST

Do not use this lift truck unless it is equipped with the overhead guard and load backrest shipped with the lift truck from the factory by Komatsu Forklift.



# **UNAUTHORIZED MODIFICATION**

- Any modification made without authorization from Komatsu Forklift can create hazards.
- Before making any modification whatsoever, consult your Komatsu Forklift distributor/dealer.
   Komatsu Forklift will not be responsible for any damage, injury or death caused by any unauthorized modification.
- Do not install any equipment or parts which obstruct or limit the operator's view.



#### **EXHAUST GAS**

Do not leave the engine running where there is poor ventiliation.
 The engine exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide. There is a danger that this will cause gas poisoning which may result in serious injury or death.





#### FIRE EXTINGUISHER AND FIRST AID KIT

- If any abnormality in the lift truck occurs, stop operation immediately, park the lift truck in a safe place and safe condition, then contact the person in charge.
- Be sure that fire extinguishers have been provided and that you read the labels to ensure that you know how to use them.
- Know what to do in the event of a fire.
- Be sure that you know the phone numbers of persons you should contact in case of an emergency.
- · Provide a first aid kit at the storage point.
- Do not use the lift truck if it is leaking fuel. Inform the person on charge of the nature of the abnormality, and repair the leakage before using the lift truck.
- Do not leave the lift truck with the engine running.
   Always apply the parking brake securely, lower the forks to the ground, stop the engine, and remove the key before leaving the lift truck.



# **A** WARNING

#### SAFETY RULES

- Do not operate the lift truck if you are fatigued, or when you have been drinking, or you have taken any medication which can make you drowsy or sleepy.
- When carrying out operation, inspection, or maintenance of the lift truck, always follow all work shop rules, safety regulations and precautions.
- During operation, always pay attention to safety and be careful of pedestrians, traffic and other surrounding conditions.



# **CHECK WHEN TRAVELING IN REVERSE**

• When reversing, depending on the situation, an optional alarm, reversing lamp or rotary lamp should be used. In all cases, be sure to face the rear and check around before traveling in reverse.



### TRAVELING REGULATIONS ON PUBLIC ROADS

- Always observe all traffic regulations when operating the lift truck.
- . Do not drive on public roads with the lift truck loaded.
- Do not tow other machines on public roads. (Do not tow other machines even when not on public roads).
- Always carry your driver's license when traveling on public roads.



#### SAFETY EQUIPMENT

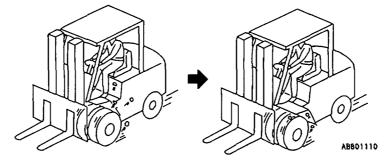
 The overhead guard is installed to protect the operator from falling objects. It is designed to withstand the force of light boxes or small packages. It is not designed to withstand every possible impact. Always be careful to prevent damage or injury from falling objects.



### **TIRE FENDERS**

The tire fenders prevent objects from being thrown up by the tires. When changing from a single tire to a double tire arrangement on your forklift truck, always extend the tire fenders to cover the additional tires. If the fenders are not extended, small stones and other objects will be thrown up and may injure the operator or other people in the surrounding area.





CORRECT FENDERS



#### SAFE WORKING AREA

- Always work on level surfaces and wipe up all oil or grease from the ground.
- When working on quays, platforms, docks or other places where there is a danger of falling, set up blocks to prevent the lift truck from going over the edge.
- Put warning signs up in dangerous places to warn the operator not to approach.
- Mark the travel areas clearly and maintain the road surfaces in good condition.
- Put up signs to prevent unauthorized machines from entering areas where trucks are being operated.
- · Ensure that there is adequate lighting to enable operations to be carried out safely.



# **CLEAN OPERATOR'S COMPARTMENT**

- Keep the operator's compartment clean and tidy. Be sure to clean up all oil or mud. If the operator's hand or foot slips, this may lead to a serious accident.
- Do not leave tools or spare parts lying around in the operator's compartment. They may damage or obstruct the control levers or pedals. Always keep them in the tool box when not being used.



#### SAFE OPERATING PLAN

- Before operation, establish an operating plan and hold a meeting to discuss operating safety.
- In confined areas, position a signal person and carry out operations in accordance with his/her instructions.
- When carrying out operations on roads, put up fences around the working area and carry out operations in accordance with instructions from the signal person.



# REDUCE LOAD FOR LIFT TRUCKS WITH ATTACHMENT

• The permissible load for any lift trucks equipped with an attachment is lower than the permissible load for the standard lift truck.

#### Reason:

- 1) The permissible load must be reduced by an amount equivalent to the weight of the attachment itself.
- 2) Because of the thickness of the attachment, the load center moves forward.
- Always observe the permissible load table strictly (this table is stuck to the lift truck or the attachment). Never exceed the permissible load.



# "NO JUMP START" SAFETY PLATE (DECAL)



- DO NOT JUMP START the engine by short circuiting the starting motor terminals.
- This SAFETY PLATE (DECAL) is located on the top center of the starter's magnet switch.
- If your machine is not equipped with this SAFETY PLATE, install a new plate (decal) in the specified location after cleaning the surface.

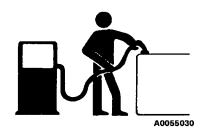


#### FIRE PREVENTION FOR FUEL

FUEL IS EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE AND CAN CAUSE FIRES AND EXPLOSIONS.

- · Carry out refueling away from flames or sparks.
- · Stop the engine when refueling.
- After refueling, tighten the gas cap securely and wipe up any spilled fuel.
- The specific gravity of LPG is heavier than air, so it is easy for the vapors to accumulate in low places (holes, road surface depressions, etc.). This can create a fire or explosion hazard. Be extremely careful!









**A** WARNING

# **NO STARTING AIDS**

Engine starting aids are highly flammable and may cause an explosion.

Do not use starting aids to start the engine.



# LPG SAFETY / FUEL SYSTEM SAFETY

Accidents involving fuel systems are always dangerous and can cause fire and explosion, serious injury, death and property damage. Keep the following points in mind when working with fuel systems.

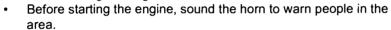
- Read, understand and remember relevant information in the NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION
   AGENCY (NFPA) standard for fuel in use. Do this BEFORE working on any fuel system.
- Ensure you are wearing proper personal protective equipment.
- Check for fuel leaks before you begin work on any fuel system.
- On LPG systems, DO NOT work on the system if the fuel storage container is filled with fuel past the 80% liquid level.
- Ensure there are NO SOURCES OF IGNITION nearby before beginning work.
- · Be sure your work area is adequately ventilated.
- Disconnect the battery before working on the fuel system.
- LPG is heavier than air and will sink to the lowest area possible. Avoid areas near floor drains or lubrication pits where escaped fuel may collect.
- LPG is stored under high pressure. Ensure the LPG fuel storage container valve is turned OFF (closed), and pressure is released from the lines, before working on system.
- Store all LPG cylinders OUTDOORS is a secured area and safe from any vehicle traffic.
- NEVER WELD ON AN LPG PRESSURE VESSEL, STORAGE TANK OR CYLINDER.
- LPG fuel tanks mounted horizontally MUST BE positioned properly. See MAINTENANCE Section.
- Always utilize a UL listed LPG tank.

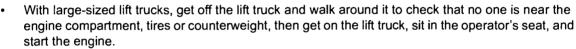
# 2. SAFE TRAVEL

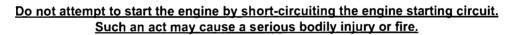


#### PRECAUTIONS WHEN STARTING ENGINE

- Before starting the engine, always check that the parking brake is applied and that the directional and speed levers are in neutral. Depress the clutch pedal (for clutch type trucks), or the brake pedal (for TORQFLOW transmission trucks), firmly, and then start the engine.
- Adjust the operator's seat and the steering wheel before starting the engine. Always lock them in position after adjusting. Adjusting the seat or steering wheel during operation is dangerous and it may cause you to lose your balance or to operate the lift truck improperly.
- Before starting the engine, check that the surrounding area is safe. ALWAYS SIT IN THE OPERATOR'S SEAT when starting the engine.









# PRECAUTIONS WHEN OPERATING DIRECTIONAL OR SPEED LEVERS

- When switching between FORWARD and REVERSE, always stop the lift truck. It is dangerous to change the direction of travel suddenly.
- When operating the directional lever or speed lever, always depress the clutch pedal before moving the lever (for clutch type lift trucks).
   If the lever is moved without disengaging the clutch, the lift truck will move suddenly and may cause injury.



# **TIPPING**

- If the load-engaging means or load is raised, the center of gravity of the lift truck will also rise and increase the danger of the lift truck tipping. Do not turn the lift truck when the forks are raised high
- Do not suddenly raise the forks or tilt the mast to the front or rear when the forks are loaded. There is danger that the lift truck will tip.
- Reduce speed before turning the lift truck. In particular, when traveling unloaded, the rear of the lift truck is heavy.
- If the lift truck is turned at high speed, there is a greater chance of tipping than with the forks loaded.
- Always ensure that the hood is properly latched.



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AB801120



# **TRAVEL ON SLOPES**

- Do not turn, or travel across or at an angle on slopes. There is danger that the lift truck will tip.
- Before starting to drive up a slope, stop the lift truck and adjust the clearance between the ground surface and the bottom of the forks so that the bottom of the forks or pallet do not contact the ground surface or the tip of the fork does not stick into the ground when traveling.



When loaded: Travel FORWARD up the slope and in

REVERSE down the slope with the load

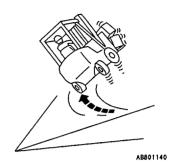
upgrade.

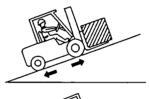
When unloaded: Travel in REVERSE up the slope and

FORWARD down the slope with the load-

engaging means downgrade.

When traveling down slopes, use the braking force of the engine together with the foot brake, and travel slowly down the slope.







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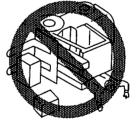
# DO NOT JUMP OFF LIFT TRUCK EVEN IF IT TIPS

**NEVER JUMP OFF** the lift truck even if it seems that it will tip. Always do as follows:

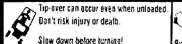
- Hold the steering wheel securely.
- Stay in the operator's seat.
- Brace your legs.
- If you jump off the lift truck when it turns over, there is danger that you will be fatally crushed under the lift truck.

Always stay in the operator's compartment if the lift truck turns over, then escape from the lift truck after it has stopped.

Always wear the seat belt correctly.



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In case of tip-over Follow these instructions: Don't jump! Hald on tight







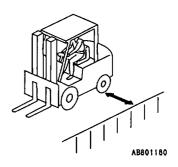


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#### **ROAD SHOULDER**

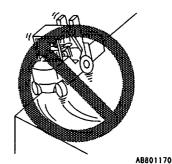
- There is danger that soft road shoulders may collapse, so do not go near them with the lift truck.
- Always maintain a safe distance from the edge of road shoulders and platforms.

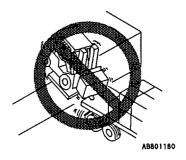




# LOADING HIGHWAY TRUCKS OR RAILROAD CARS

- Do not travel on the edge of docks. There is danger that the lift truck may fall, which may result in serious injury or death.
- Before starting operations, check the load limit for the gangplanks (dock boards), and do not use them if they do not have ample strength to take the weight of the lift truck when loaded.
- Apply the brakes on the highway truck and block the wheels.
- With trailers, use jacks and take steps to prevent the trailer from sinking when the forklift truck travels on it.
- When driving the forklift inside trucks, reduce speed when backing out and be sure to check that the gangplanks are safe.
- · Be careful of pedestrians.
- Tell the truck driver not to move the truck until the operation is completed.
- If there is some system to secure the truck to the dock, always use this system. Secure the gangplanks so that they do not slip and fall.







### **ESCAPING FROM A RAILROAD CROSSING**

- If engine trouble occurs on a railroad crossing and the lift truck cannot move, you cannot use the starting motor to move the truck as can be done in automobiles. The lift truck's neutral safety switch prevents this action.
- In such an emergency, light a flare or smoke candle, to warn approaching trains, vehicles and pesons n the area that there is a broken down truck on the tracks.
- It is critically important to remove the lift truck from the tracks as soon as possible.



### **NO RIDERS**

#### FORKLIFT TRUCKS ARE ONE-PERSON MACHINES.

Do not allow any other person to ride on the truck under any circumstances. Never allow anyone to act as an extra counterweight.



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### **DRIVING IN REVERSE**

 When driving in REVERSE, turn to face the rear and check the area directly behind the lift truck.

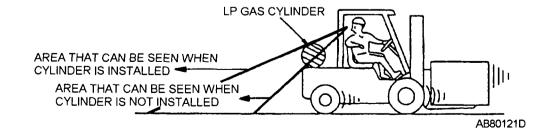




# OBSTRUCTION OF REAR VIEW WHEN USING LP GAS FUEL

- The LP gas cylinder partially blocks the view to the rear, so there is danger of hitting personnel or products or buildings in the surrounding area.
  - Install backup warning devices (backup buzzer, rotating backup lamp, etc.) or backup confirmation devices (rear view mirror, etc.) to warn personnel in the surrounding area and to confirm that the area to the rear is safe.

Please contact your Komatsu Forklift distributor / dealer for details of installing such optional safety and warning equipment.





### WHEN FRONT VIEW IS POOR

- If the view to the front is obstructed by the load, turn to the rear and drive the forklift truck in reverse.
- When driving in reverse with a high load, use a signal person to ensure the safety of the load and the safety in the surrounding area.





#### **CHECK BEFORE STARTING**

- When checking the lift truck before starting, follow the procedure given in this Manual, and do not start the lift truck until all the checks have been completed.
- If anything abnormal is found, inform the person in charge and carry out the necessary repairs.



# **LAMPS**

• Check that the lamps light up correctly. Replace any broken or inoperative bulbs.



# **KEEP HANDS FREE FROM OIL AND WATER**

Do not drive the lift truck if your hands are wet or covered with oil. Your hands will slip on the work
equipment control levers or directional lever, and this may cause a serious accident.



# **MOUNTING AND DISMOUNTING**

- NEVER jump on or off the lift truck.
- When getting on or off the lift truck, always stop the lift truck and use the handrails and steps to ensure that you support yourself.
- Never hold any control levers or the steering wheel when getting on or off the lift truck.
- If there is any oil, grease or mud on the handrails or steps, wipe it off immediately. Always keep these parts clean. Repair any damage.





### **ALWAYS SIT IN OPERATOR'S SEAT**

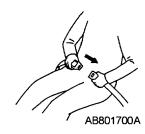
- Never operate the lift truck from outside the operator's compartment.
- Always keep your body under the overhead guard.
- Do not extend your arms and legs outside the operator's compartment.





# **SEAT BELT**

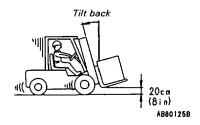
- Always wear your seat belt correctly when on the operator's seat.
   The seat belt will reduce the risk of injury.
- Always check the seat belt mounts and check for any damage to the seat belt itself. If any abnormality is found, repair or replace the seat belt immediately.





# **SAFETY WHEN STARTING**

- Before starting and moving the lift truck, check that the surrounding area is safe.
- Before moving the lift truck, raise the forks (approx. 8 in. (20cm) from the ground surface), and tilt the mast back.
- Before moving the lift truck, release the parking brake.





# **BRAKING WHEN TRAVELING**

- Do not stop the engine when traveling. If the engine is stopped, the power steering (for lift trucks with power steering) and power brake (for trucks with power brakes) will not work.
- If the inching pedal is depressed, the braking effect of the engine will be lost.
- Do not use the brake excessively. Do not rest your foot on the brake pedal or inching pedal unless you are operating it.

If you do, the brake will overheat and the braking effect will be lost.

For TORQFLOW lift trucks, if you leave your foot on the inching pedal, the multiple disc clutch inside the transmission will overheat. In the worst case, the clutch discs will be deformed and the clutch will not function normally.



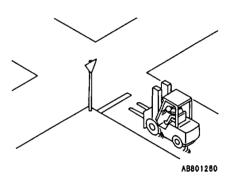
# **SAFETY DURING TRAVEL**

- Keep a clear view of the path of travel and observe for other traffic, personnel and safe clearances.
- Yield the right of way to pedestrians,
- · When passing oncoming vehicles, reduce speed and keep a safe distance from the other vehicle.
- In places where there are speed limits, observe the speed limit and maintain a safe distance from other vehicles.



#### **CONFIRMING SAFETY**

- When traveling, always pay careful attention to the area around your lift truck, particularly in the direction of travel or when turning.
- Do not pass other vehicles on narrow roads or at crossings or other places where the view is poor.
- When traveling through crossings or other places where the view is poor, or when entering or leaving narrow roads, stop and sound the horn to confirm safety before driving on.
- Even if you sound the horn, not everyone in the surrounding area will necessarily hear it. Always pay careful attention to the movements of people in the surrounding area.
- When crossing roads or turning corners, stop and confirm safety before continuing.
- Always pay careful attention to the movements of people in the surrounding area, and take steps to prevent people from entering the working area.





#### SAFETY DURING TRAVEL

- Avoid traveling in places which are flooded or where there are holes.
- Do not try to drive the lift truck on soft ground.
- Avoid curbs, rails, ditches or other obstacles, and do not travel directly over them.
- · Do not travel on slippery road surfaces.
- When entering buildings, check the weight limit of the floor and be careful not to exceed the limit.





# **GIVE PRIORITY TO LOADED LIFT TRUCKS**

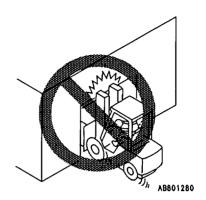
 When traveling on slopes or in confined areas, unloaded lift trucks should always give the right of way to loaded trucks.



#### **HEIGHT OR WIDTH LIMITS**

When going in or out of places with height or width limits:

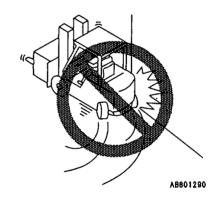
- Ensure that there is ample height and width for the lift truck to pass.
- Do not extend your hands or legs outside the lift truck.
- · Check that the surrounding area is safe.
- Be careful of electric wires and other obstacles inside and outside the building.





### PRECAUTIONS WHEN TURNING

- When turning while traveling forward, the counterweight will swing far out. Keep an ample clearance from walls and other objects to ensure safety.
- When turning, travel slowly and be careful that the front or rear wheels do not come off the ground. When turning on soft road shoulders, there is danger that the rear wheels may come off the road shoulder and cause the lift truck to tip.





### STOPPING DISTANCE

- When traveling downhill, it requires a longer distance for the lift truck to stop then when traveling on level ground.
- When traveling downhill, reduce the speed and make sure that you have ample room at the bottom of the slope to stop.
- When traveling on wet surfaces, it requires a longer distance to stop then when traveling on normal road surfaces. Always have ample room to stop.



# **NO TOWING**

If there is any problem with the brakes or steering system of your lift truck, do not use another lift truck to tow it.

There is danger that the lift truck may run away.

# 3. LOADING OPERATIONS

# **WARNING**

# **NO OVERLOADING**

- Do not load the lift truck over the capacity set forth in the load capacity chart. If the rear wheels come off the ground because of overloading, the lift truck cannot travel or turn. There is also danger that it may tip.
- Always check the load capacity chart to confirm the loading capacity.





### **DON'T GO UNDER FORKS**

- Never allow anyone to go under the load-engaging means or load when it is raised.
  - The area under the forks is a danger area. If the forks come down, the person under the forks may be crushed, or seriously injured or killed.
- Never allow anyone to go under the load-engaging means or load even if it is elevated or sticked. It may fall down suddenly at any moment.



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# DO NOT LIFT PEOPLE ON FORKS

Do not use the forks to lift people. If the person falls from the forks he/she may be seriously injured.



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# **A** WARNING

# BE CAREFUL NOT TO GET CAUGHT OR FALL

Never put your hands or feet into the mast structure. There is danger that you will get caught in moving parts and be seriously injured.



Do not use the mast as a ladder. If you slip, there is danger that you will fall





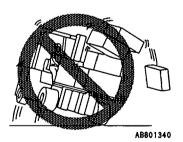
# **OPERATE FROM OPERATOR'S COMPARTMENT**

Always operate the mast and forks from the operator's compartment.



# **NO UNSTABLE LOADS**

- Make sure that the center of gravity of the load is in line with the center of the lift truck. Do not carry loads off-center. There is danger that unbalanced loads may cause the lift truck to tip.
- Place the load so that it contacts the load backrest.
- Do not handle unstable loads. If there is danger that the load may fall off, secure it in position and take steps to prevent the load from collapsing or falling.
- When carrying stacked loads, tie with rope to prevent the load from falling.





# DO NOT LOAD ABOVE HEIGHT OF LOAD BACKREST

 Keep the height of the load within the height of the load backrest. Do not carry any load that is higher than the load backrest. If the load is higher than the load backrest, there is danger that it will fall back on top of the operator.

This may lead to serious injury or death.



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# DO NOT TILT MAST FORWARD WHEN LOADED

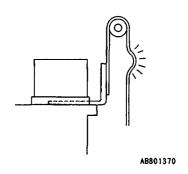
- Do not tilt the mast forward when the forks are loaded and raised. There is danger that the load may fall and that the lift truck may tip.
- Do not travel with the mast tilted forward.
- Do not load and unload on slopes.





#### **KEEP TENSION ON CHAIN**

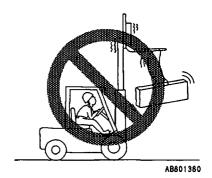
- If there is any slack in the chain, the mast rail or forks may catch in the load or a shelf, and there is danger that the load may fall and the lift truck tip.
  - Always be careful that there is no slack in the chain when pulling the forks out from a pallet or shelf.



# **A** WARNING

# **USE ONLY FOR INTENDED PURPOSES**

- Do not use the lift truck for anything other than the intended use (loading operations using the forks).
- Do not use the forks to open or close the doors of railroad cars or warehouses.
- Do not push any other vehicle.
- Do not hook ropes or cables on the forks and use the forks to lift loads.
- Do not use the drawbar pin for towing operations.





# **LEVER OPERATION**

- Be careful not to operate the lever by mistake. There is danger that the forks or work equipment may cause serious injury.
- Do not operate the levers when getting off the lift truck.

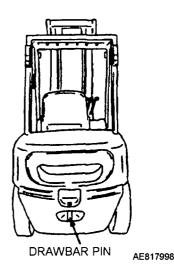


#### **USING DRAWBAR PIN**

# **WARNING**

Do not use the drawbar pin for towing other lift trucks, for being towed by other lift trucks, or for lifting operations.

The drawbar pin installed to the rear of the counterweight is used only to free the truck when the tires have become stuck in mud or in a ditch and the lift truck cannot move, or when loading the lift truck on to a trailer or truck.

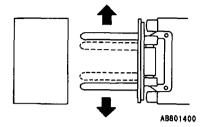


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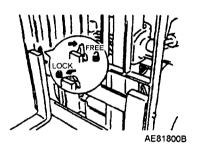


# FIT FORKS SECURELY IN POSITION

 When adjusting the position (width) of the forks, be careful not to get your hands caught.



After adjusting, check that the forks are held securely in position by the fork stopper. If the forks are not held in position, there is a danger that the forks may move when the lift truck is traveling and the load may fall off.





# **ADJUST CHAIN**

Be sure the tension of the left and right chains is the same. (See CHECK BEFORE OPERATION).
 If the tension is not the same, the load will be unbalanced even if it is loaded correctly in the center, and there is danger that the lift truck may tip. (For details of adjustment, see page 2-26).



#### **BE CAREFUL OF FORK TIPS**

- Do not allow the tips of the forks to get close to people.
   The tips of the forks are pointed, so there is a risk that they may cause injury.
- Do not hook the tips of the forks under objects. If the forks slip out, there is danger that the lift truck or object may move unexpectedly.





# **PEOPLE IN WORKING AREA**

- Do not allow anyone except the signal person in the working area.
- Do not let any person or another lift truck come close during operation.
- When working with a signal person, always follow their instructions.



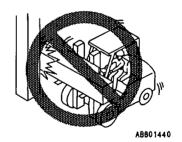
# **USE STRONG PALLETS AND SKIDS**

 Always be sure that the pallets and skids have ample strength. If broken or damaged pallets or skids are used, there is a risk that the load may fall.



#### HANDLING LONG OR WIDE LOADS

- Be extremely careful when carrying long or wide loads. Raise the load slowly and be careful not to touch anything in the surrounding area.
- Keep the load as low as possible and be sure to maintain the balance.
- When turning, operate slowly and be careful not to let the load move.





# **OVERHEAD OBJECTS**

 Be careful not to let the mast, overhead guard or load contact electrical wiring, pipes, sprinklers or roof beams. If the truck hits such objects, there is a risk that the load will fall or the lift truck will tip. When the forks are raised, the mast height increases, so be particularly careful when the forks are raised.





### **NO PUSHING**

 Do not use the forks to push or pull loads. There is a risk that the load will be damaged or fall.





# PRECAUTIONS WHEN LOADING / UNLOADING

- Do not let anyone place a load on the forks.
- Do not let anyone remove a load directly from the forks.
- Standing on the forks is dangerous because the forks are slippery and the load may move.
- Do not use anyone to keep the load stable. The lift truck may move unexpectedly, causing the load to fall and crush the person.

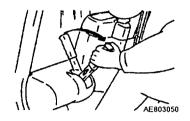
### 4. STOPPING AND PARKING



### PRECAUTIONS WHEN STOPPING OR PARKING

Observe the following procedure when stopping or parking the lift truck:

- 1) Stop the lift truck on level ground.
- 2) Apply the parking brake securely to make sure that the lift truck cannot move.
- 3) Set the directional lever and the speed lever to neutral.
- 4) Lower the forks to the ground.
- 5) Turn the key switch OFF to stop the engine.
- 6) Remove the key from the key switch. Then get off the lift truck.







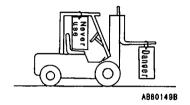
# **PARKING**

- · Park the lift truck in the specified place.
- · Park the lift truck on a firm surface.
- Do not park near any emergency exit, stairway, fire extinguisher or other safety equipment. Park the lift truck in a place where it will not obstruct pedestrians or other vehicles.
- Never park the lift truck near any flammable object.
- When parking the lift truck on a slope, park as specified above (PRECAUTIONS WHEN STOP-PING OR PARKING), then put blocks under the tires to prevent the lift truck from moving.
- Do not park near any holes for construction or elevator shafts. If LPG leaks, it can accumulate and cause fire or explosion.



### PARKING MACHINE AFTER FAILURE

- If the lift truck has suffered a failure and the lift truck must be parked without lowering the forks, put markers on the tips of the forks and take steps to prevent pedestrians or other vehicles from hitting the forks.
- Select a parking place where people or vehicles do not pass, and stop the lift truck so that it is difficult for anyone to go under the forks. (The area under the forks is a DANGER zone).
- Place a stand or something similar under the inner mast rail or forks to prevent unexpected drop of the forks.
- Remove the key from the faulty lift truck and hang signs in the operator's compartment to prevent its use.





### ABRUPT LOWERING OF STUCK FORK

- Because a stuck fork may drop down unexpectedly, do not go under the fork when it is in this condition.
- Be very careful when dealing with this problem to prevent damage or injury, and warn those in the work area.

### 5. INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

# **A** WARNING

# USE QUALIFIED PERSONNEL FOR INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

- Only persons authorized by the owner or operator of the equipment and having proper certification (local or national) may carry out inspection, maintenance and repairs of the lift truck.
- If inspection, maintenance or repair work is carried out incorrectly, it is very dangerous.



### MAINTENANCE LOCATION

- · When carrying out inspection and maintenance, use a level, dry, dust-free area.
- If the work is carried out inside a building, make sure that there is ample ventilation.



### PRECAUTIONS FOR INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

- To be prepared in the event of a fire, have a fire extinguisher nearby and make sure that you know how to use it.
- Before carrying out inspection, lower the forks to the ground and stop the machine.
- Do not run the engine unless it is necessary.
- Place the directional lever, speed lever and work equipment control levers in neutral.



# PRECAUTIONS WHEN CARRYING OUT INSPECTION AND MAINTENENCE

- Wipe off any oil or grease. Immediately wipe up any oil that has leaked. If the lift truck is dirty, it becomes difficult or impossible to find cracks or other problems. Always clean the lift truck before starting inspection.
- Do not smoke or allow any flame to exist under any circumstances. Do not use any cloth which is soaked in fuel, flammable solvent, oil or grease. There is danger that it may catch fire.
- Wear suitable clothes for the job.
- Use suitable safety and protective equipment (hard hat, safety boots, safety glasses, gloves) for the job.
- · When working on top of the lift truck, be careful not to fall.
- · Do not put your feet under the forks.
- When opening or closing the floor plate or engine hood, be careful not to get your hands or body caught.
- When carrying out inspection with the forks raised, insert a stand under the inner mast to prevent the forks and mast from dropping.
- When carrying out the job with another worker, decide who is the leader and carry out the job in accordance with instructions from that person.
- After repairing, make sure that the trouble has been corrected by performing a trial run.
- During the trial run, start and operate the lift truck carefully because it is possible that the trouble has not been fully corrected or that defective parts have not been removed.



### **USE SUITABLE TOOLS**

- Always use tools that are suited for inspection and maintenance.
- It is extremely dangerous to use broken tools or tools designed for another purpose.





### REPLACE SAFETY CRITICAL PARTS PERIODICALLY

- Even if no abnormality is found, always replace safety critical parts periodically. As time passes, these parts deteriorate and may cause fire or failure in the work equipment system.
- However, if these parts show any abnormality before the replacement interval has passed, they should be repaired or replaced immediately.



## PRECAUTIONS WITH HIGH TEMPERATURE COOLANT

- Immediately after using the lift truck, the engine coolant is at high temperature (HOT!) and high pressure. Do not remove the radiator cap under these conditions. Hot water may spurt out and cause burns.
- When removing the radiator cap, use a rag and turn it slowly to release the internal pressure.
- When checking the coolant level, stop the engine and wait for the engine to cool down before checking. For lift trucks equipped with a sub-tank or reservoir, check the level in the sub-tank.
- When adding water on lift trucks equipped with a sub-tank, add the water to the sub-tank.





## PRECAUTIONS WITH HIGH PRESSURE, HIGH **TEMPERATURE OIL**

- Immediately after using the lift truck, the oil is at high temper- INCORRECT ature. Do not drain the oil or replace the filter when the oil is hot. Hot oil may spurt out and cause burns.
- When carrying out inspection and maintenance, wait for the oil temperature to go down, and carry out the operation in the order given in this manual.
- Do not forget that the work equipment circuits are always under pressure. Do not add oil, drain oil or carry out maintenance or inspection before completely releasing the internal pressure. (For details on releasing the oil pressure, see page 3-37).
- If oil is leaking under high pressure from holes, it is dangerous if the jet of high-pressure oil hits your skin or eyes. Always wear safety glasses and thick gloves, and use a piece of cardboard or a sheet of plywood to check for oil leakage.
- Release the internal pressure before checking the accumulator piping.
- If you are hit by a jet of high-pressure oil, consult a doctor immediately.



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### **ROTATING FAN AND BELT**

- It is extremely dangerous if you or any tool touches or gets caught in the fan or fan belt when the fan is rotating. Never touch the fan when it is rotating.
- Always stop the engine before inspecting rotating parts.
- When inspecting the areas around rotating parts, do not allow anything to come close which may get caught.





### BE CAREFUL NOT TO GET CAUGHT OR FALL

NEVER put your hands or feet into the mast structure. There
is danger that you will get caught in moving parts and be seriously injured.



 Do not use the mast as a ladder. If you slip, there is danger that you will fall.





## **CHECKING AND INFLATING TIRES**

- If the tire inflation pressure is low, it will affect truck stability. However, do not inflate the tires immediately. The inflation pressure may have gone down because of damage to the rim. If the rim is damaged or cracked and the tires are inflated, there is danger that the rim will break when the tire is under high pressure, and this may cause personal injury or death.
- For safety, when checking tire pressure, place your body in front of the tread face of the tire. Do not check from the side face of the tire.
- Suitable qualifications are needed for tire inflation work. Always have the work carried out by properly qualified personnel.
- The tire inflation pressure on a forklift truck is several times higher than the pressure on an automobile. When the tires are being inflated, there is danger that dirt or dust may be thrown up by the compressed air and enter your eyes. Always wear safety glasses to protect your eyes.





#### HANDLING TIRES

Disassembly and assembly of tires should be carried out by a tire dealer.

The tire pressure is extremely high, so caution is needed when handling tires.

- The wheel is fitted with mounting (lug) nuts. It also has rim nuts and bolts used to join the rim halves. When removing the tire from the lift truck, do not loosen the rim nuts and bolts. The tire is under high pressure, and there is a significant risk that the rim nuts and bolts may fly off. Relieve tire inflation pressure before removing.
- When the tires have been replaced, carry out a test drive and check again for any loose mounting bolts. If the tightening torque is low, tighten to the specified torque.



# JACKING UP LIFT TRUCK (when checking or replacing tires)

- Do not go under the fork lift truck when it is jacked up.
- Check the following before jacking up the lift truck. (For details, see page 3-41).
  - 1) Check that there is no one on the lift truck.
  - 2) Check that there is no load on the forks.
- When jacking up, stop when the tires come off the ground surface. Put blocks under both sides of the frame to prevent the lift truck from coming down.
- Put blocks under any tires contacting the ground to prevent the lift truck from moving.





# LIFTING LIFT TRUCK (when checking tires)

- Lift truck slinging work should be carried out by a qualified person who has completed a course in correct lifting methods.
- Fit wire ropes to the specified lifting points.
- When lifting the lift truck, check that the wire ropes have ample strength and are not damaged.
- Block the tires contacting the ground to prevent the lift truck from moving.
- · Insert blocks to prevent the lift truck from coming down.
- Do not go under the lift truck during the lifting operation.
- If the specified lifting point is the counterweight, check that
  the counterweight mounting bolts are tightened to the specified torque before carrying out the lifting operation. Check
  also that there is no damage to the lifting portion on the counterweight.





### **BATTERY HAZARD PREVENTION**

- Battery electrolyte contains sulfuric acid and can quickly burn the skin and eat holes in clothing. If
  you spill electrolyte on yourself, immediately flush the area with a large quantity of water.
- Battery electrolyte can cause blindness if splashed into the eyes. If electrolyte gets into your eyes, flush them immediately with large quantities of water and consult a doctor at once.
- If you accidentally drink electrolyte, drink a large quantity of water or milk mixed with beaten egg white or vegetable oil. Call a doctor or poison control center immediately.
- When working with batteries, ALWAYS wear safety glasses or goggles.
- Batteries generate hydrogen gas. Hydrogen gas is highly EXPLOSIVE, and is easily ignited with a small spark or flame. Do not smoke or create any spark near a battery.
- · Before working with batteries, stop the engine and turn the starting switch to the OFF position.
- When removing the battery, remove the cable from the negative (-) terminal first. When installing the battery, install the cable to the positive (+) terminal first. This prevents possible sparks or arcing between the positive terminal and the positive cable.
- Avoid short-circuiting the battery terminals through accidental contact with tools or other metal objects across the terminals.
- Tighten the battery terminals securely. Loose terminals can generate sparks and lead to an explosion.
- When removing or installing the battery, confirm which is the positive (+) terminal and which is the negative (-) terminal. Be careful not to connect the cables to the opposite / incorrect terminals.
- · Tighten the battery caps securely.
- · When cleaning the battery, leave the battery caps tightened.







### DO NOT PUT METAL OBJECTS ON TOP OF BATTERY

Never place any metal objects on top of the battery. There is danger that they will cause a short circuit and start a fire.



#### CHANGING LPG FUEL TANKS

- Only trained and certified personnel may change LPG tanks.
- Turn ignition switch to the OFF position.
- Change LPG tanks in designated and well ventilated area approved for this operation.
- Check LPG tank and lines for fuel leaks.
- · Ensure no sparks, flame or ignition sources are present.
- · Once the full tank is in place, ensure it is mounted correctly and securely. Check all connections.
- Do not attempt to start the truck until all LPG odor is gone.
- If the truck is hard to start, contact a certified mechanic to repair the problem. Tag the truck "Out of Service" until properly repaired.



### PRECAUTIONS WHEN CHARGING

When the battery is charged, hydrogen gas is generated and the battery is heated by the chemical change. To prevent the danger of gas explosion, always do as follows:

- Carry out the charging operation in a well-ventilated place.
- · Do not smoke or allow any flame.
- Start the charging operation when the temperature of the battery electrolyte is below 95° F (35° C). If the electrolyte temperature goes above 122° F (50° C) during the charging operation, wait for it to go down below 95° F (35° C) before starting charging operation again.
- When using a battery charger to charge the battery, take the battery caps off.



## STARTING WITH BOOSTER CABLES

- ALWAYS wear safety glasses or goggles when starting the lift truck with booster (jumper) cables.
- · When starting using the battery of another lift truck, do not allow the two lift trucks to touch.
- · Stop the engine before connecting the cables.
- Be extremely careful not to let the cables get caught in the fan or fan belt.
- Connect the batteries in parallel; positive-to-positive and negative-to-negative. NEVER connect
  positive to negative.
- DO NOT short-circuit the starter terminals to start a forklift truck.



### **DO NOT PUSH START**

• Do not push the lift truck to start the engine. There is danger that the lift truck may suddenly start and operate unexpectedly.



### HANDLING BRAKE FLUID

It is dangerous if the brakes do not work because, in this condition, the lift truck cannot be stopped. Always do the following:

- · Check the level of the brake fluid periodically.
- Always use the specified brake fluid.
- Check that the breather of the brake fluid reserve tank is not clogged.
- Be careful not to let dirt or dust get into the brake fluid reserve tank.



## **HANDLING ANTIFREEZE**

- Antifreeze can be flammable. Keep away from flame when handling.
- Antifreeze is poisonous, so do not drink it. If you drink it by mistake, drink large amounts of water, vomit it out, and get medical attention immediately. Follow safety precautions on container.



# **WASTE MATERIALS**

 Obey appropriate laws and regulations when disposing of harmful items and materials such as oil, fuel, solvent, filters and batteries.

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# 6. STRUCTURE AND STABILITY OF THE LIFT TRUCK (TO PREVENT LIFT TRUCK FROM TIPPING)

To operate the lift truck safely, it is important to understand the structure and stability of the lift truck.

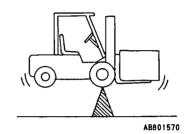


### STRUCTURE OF LIFT TRUCK

A forklift truck consists basically of the lifting mechanism (the forks and mast) at the front and the lift truck itself (with tires) at the rear.

The front wheels of the lift truck act as the fulcrum, and the center of gravity of the lift truck and center of gravity of the load are kept in balance.

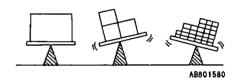
The relationship between the position of the center of gravity of the lift truck and the center of gravity of the load is extremely important for maintaining the safety of the lift truck.





### **CENTER OF GRAVITY OF LOAD**

The loads carried by forklift trucks come in various shapes (and weights) from boxes to planks and long objects. To judge the stability of the lift truck, it is important to distinguish the position of the center of gravity for loads of various shapes.





### **CENTER OF GRAVITY AND STABILITY**

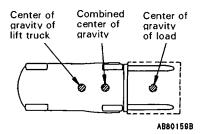
The stability of the lift truck is determined by the position of the combined center of gravity resulting from the combination of the centers of gravity of the lift truck and the load.

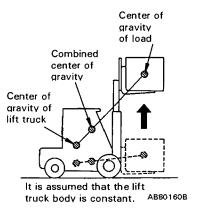
When the lift truck is carrying no load, the center of gravity remains as it is, but when the lift truck is loaded, the combined center of gravity becomes the combination of the centers of gravity of both the lift truck and the load.

The position of the center of gravity of the load changes according to whether the mast is tilted forward or back or whether the mast is raised or lowered.

The position of the combined center of gravity of the lift truck is governed by the following factors:

- Size, weight, shape of load
- · Lifting height
- · Tilting angle of mast
- Inflation pressure of tires
- · Acceleration, deceleration, turning radius
- · Condition of road surface, angle of road
- · Type of attachments



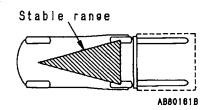




# STABLE RANGE OF CENTER OF GRAVITY

For the lift truck to be stable, the position of the combined center of gravity must be inside the triangle (stable range of center of gravity) formed by the ground contact points of the left and right front tires and the center of the rear axle.

If the position of the overall center of gravity is in front of the front axle, the front tires will form the fulcrum and the lift truck will tip to the front. If the position of the combined center of gravity moves outside the triangle forming the stable area for the center of gravity, the lift truck will tip in the direction where the combined center of gravity moves outside of the triangle.

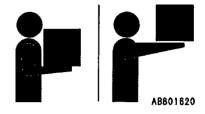




## MAXIMUM LOAD (weight and center of gravity of load)

The horizontal distance between the center of gravity of the load on the forks and the load backrest of the forks, or the front face of the forks (whichever is shorter), is called the load center

The maximum load is the maximum weight of the load that can be loaded at the standard load center. The relationship between the maximum load and the load center is given in the load capacity charts on the nameplate on the lift truck. If the load center moves to the front of the forks, the overall center of gravity also moves to the front, so this means that the load must be reduced.





#### **ALLOWABLE LOAD**

The allowable load is stamped on the nameplate to show the relationship regarding the position of the load center, the height of the fork and the maximum load. Before loading the forks, check that the load and load center are within the permitted range on the stamped allowable load.

If the shape of the load is complex, set it so that the heaviest part of the load is at the center of the forks and set the load close to the load backrest.

If the forks are loaded more than the allowable value, the drive wheels will float during travel and the steering system will not work. This is very dangerous. Furthermore, the lift truck will tip over easily under this condition. Therefore, be sure to keep the load below the allowable value and prop-

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### SPEED AND ACCELERATION

If a stationary object is not subjected to external force, it will remain stationary. In the same way, if a moving object is not subjected to external force, it will continue to move at the same speed. This is called inertia.

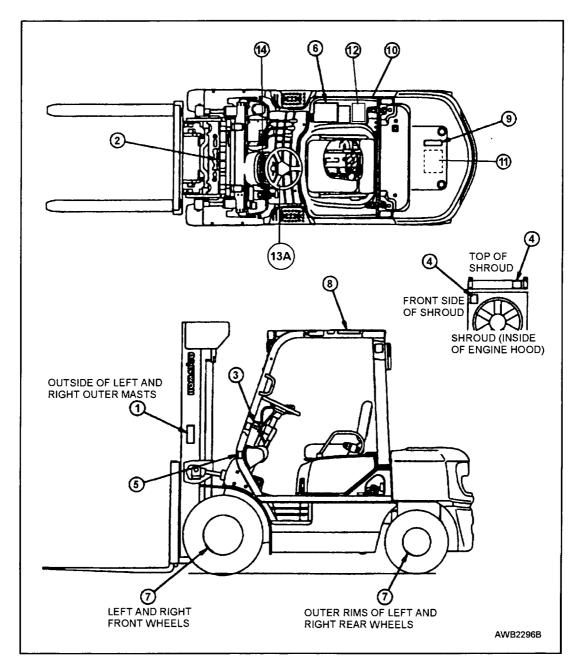
Because of inertia, a force is applied towards the rear when the lift truck starts to move, and is applied towards the front when the lift truck stops. If the brakes are applied suddenly, there is danger of a large force being applied towards the front which may make the lift truck tip or the load come off the forks. When the lift truck is turned, a centrifugal force is applied to the outside from the center of the turn. This force pushes the lift truck to the outside and makes it tip. The range of stability to the left and right is particularly small, so it is necessary to reduce speed when turning, in order to prevent the lift truck

from tipping. If the lift truck is traveling with a raised load, the position of the overall center of gravity is

high, so the danger of tipping to the front, left or right becomes greater.

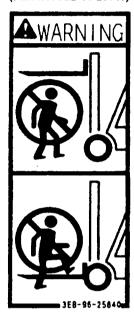
### **SAFETY LABEL LOCATIONS**

Keep these labels clean. If a label (decal) comes off, stick it on again in the same location or replace with a new one. Treat all labels (decals) in the same way whether they are safety related or not.



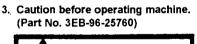
See following pages for labels corresponding to numbered locations in Figure above.

1. Prohibit the operator from riding on the forks and lifting or lowering himself. Never enter the area under the forks. (Part No. 3EB-96-25840)



2. Do not put your hand on the mast! (Warning to avoid getting hand caught) (Part No. 3EB-96-25850)







4. Never touch fan when rotating. (Part No. 3EB-96-25770)



5. No one is permitted to ride the lift truck together with the operator. (Part No. 3EB-96-25740)



6. Warning for operation (Decal) (Part No. 3EB-96-25720)



# **WARNING**

# SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH MAY RESULT IF YOU FAIL TO FOLLOW THESE PRECAUTIONS! Before Operating

- Do not operate or repair truck unless trained and authorized.
- Read and understand all warnings and instructions in manuals and on truck before operating.
- Contact forklift dealer for replacement manuals.
- Check truck before use. If truck is in need of repair, do not operate until restored to safe condition.
- Do not start truck if fuel is leaking or has leaked.

#### While Operating

- · Operate truck only from operator's seat.
- · Keep truck under control at all times.
- Do not overload truck. Check capacity plate for load weight and load center.
- Avoid any sudden starts, stops, turn or change of direction.
- · Obey traffic safety rules. Yield right-of-way to pedestrians.
- Keep clear view of travel path. If load being carried blocks forward view, travel with load trailing.
- Slow down and sound horn when vision is blocked.
- Watch clearances, especially forks, mast, overhead guard and tailswing area.
- Slow down for turns and on uneven or slippery surfaces.
- Avoid running over loose objects.
- Never angle or turn on incline.
- Travel with load uphill when loaded.
- · Travel with lifting mechanism downhill when empty.
- · Secure dockboard or bridgeplate properly.
- · Do not exceed rated capacity.
- Use special care when operating on dockboard or bridgeplate.
- Do not handle unstable loads or loosely stack loads.
- Do not handle loads higher than load backrest.
- Space forks as far as load permits.

- Be sure load is centered and forks are completely under load.
- · Never tilt load with mast tilted forward.
- Do not tilt forward when elevated except to pick up or deposit load.
- . Travel load or lifting mechanism low and tilted back.
- Tipover can occur if operated improperly.
- Do not jump if truck begins to tip over.
   Hold on firmly and lean away from point of impact.
   Avoid being trapped between truck and ground.

#### **General Precautions**

- Allow no one to stand or pass under or near load or lifting mechanism.
- Never place any part of body into mast structure, between mast and truck or outside truck.
- . Do not carry passengers on any part of truck.
- · Lift no one under any circumstances.
- Do not operate without overhead guard and load backrest.
- · Fill fuel or charge battery only in specified place.
- Stop engine when fueling and avoid open flame or sparks, and provide adequate ventilation.
- Keep vent caps clear when charging battery.
- Disconnect battery during servicing.

#### After Operating

- Before getting off truck, shift F-R lever and high-low lever (clutch-type) to neutral position, fully lower lifting mechanism and pull parking lever securely.
- Shut off power when leaving truck unattended.
- Block wheels when parking on incline.
- 7. Warning for use of split rim (Only pneumatic tires)(Decal) (Part No. 3EB-96-25750)



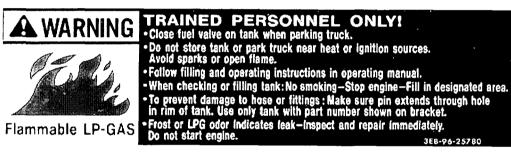
KF1010451

8. Prevention of tip-over (Decal) (Parts No. 3EB-96-25730)



KAC010449

9. Warning for handling LPG/FLAMMABLE GAS (Decal) (Part No. 3EB-96-25780)



KF1010448

10. "NO JUMP START" Decal (Part No. 09842-A0481)
Located top center of starter solenoid.



#### 11. LPG TANK CHANGE INSTRUCTIONS DECAL (On LPG Tank Bracket Base Plate)

#### LPG FUEL CYLINDER REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE

- CLOSE CYLINDER VALVE AND RUN ENGINE UNTIL IT STOPS PRIOR TO DISCONNECTING THE FUEL HOSE FROM THE TANK.
- 3. REPLACE FUEL CONTAINER, BE SURE TO USE THE CORRECT SIZE AND TYPE FER THE CYLINDER DESCRIPTION PLATE. SECURELY MOUNT AND
- b. WITH SLOT IN POOTRONG OVER LOCATING KEYWAY.
  CONNECT FUEL HOSE. OPEN VALVE SLOWLY SO THE HOSE AND TANK
  PRESSURE CAN EQUALIZE OR THE VALVE MAY SLUG. SHOULD LEAKAGE
  OCCUR, CLOSE VALVE AND HAVE QUALIFIED PERSONNEL MAKE REPAIRS.
- EILLE PRESENTATION.

  NOTE: THE ABOVE IS PROVIDED AS A GUIDE, FOR ADDITIONAL

  DEFORMATION, CONSULT THE NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION

  PAMPHLET SO FOR THE SAFE STORAGE AND HANDLING OF LIQUIFILD

  PETROLEUM GASES.

KFOM0003

#### 12. LPG SAFETY MAINTENANCE DECAL (Right side of seat on hood upper surface)

#### RECOMMENDED SAFETY MAINTENANCE PROCEDURE FOR LP GAS FUELED FORKLIFT TRUCKS

RECOMMENDED SAFETY MAINTENANCE PROCEDURE FOR LP GAS FUELED FORKLIFT TRUCKS

WARNING:LP GAS is a combustible fuel that is heavier than air. Escaping gas may accumulate in low areas. The fuel cylinder should be mounted so that it does not extend outside the truck and should also be properly positioned by using the locating pin or key way.

The fuel valve should be turned off when the machine is not in service. Cast fittings should not be used in the LP-GAS system. Use only Underwriters Laboratories or Factory Mutual listed LP-GAS hose assemblies where pressure fuel lines are required.

All pipe threaded fittings should be installed using an approved seeling compound. Fuel lines should be supported by clamps to minimize chaffing and wear. The LP-GAS solenoid valve should be wired to an automatic shut off switch (oil pressure or vacuum) to prevent leakage of gas in the event the ignition is on without the engine running. Check the propane solenoid or vacuum shutoff valve for leakage as follows:

1. Turn fuel cylinder valve off, start and run engine until it stops.

2. Install a 0 to 30 PSI pressure gauge per instruction A or B.

A Primery test port of single units consisting of primary and secondary regulators.

B. Between the primary and secondary stage regulators when the propene system consists of two separate regulators.

Turn cylinder fuel valve on. The pressure gauge should maintain a zero reading, if it does not, the solenoid valve or vacuum shutoff valve must be repaired or replaced. An door is added to LP-GAS to help detect leaks. If gas odor is detected the fuel cylinder supply valve and engine should be turned off. Remove all sources of ignition, and ventilate the area. Make all of the necessary repairs before you turn the fuel supply on.

The complete LP-GAS system should be inspected periodically. Check all hoses for wear, connections for leaks, and all parts for damage.

NOTE: The shove have a limited life expectancy. They should be checked for cracking and drying due to age. Hoses with vialible signs

SERVICE WORK SHOULD BE PERFORMED BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL ONLY.

KEOM0004

#### 13. LPG FUEL SYSTEM DECALS

A. LPG LOW FUEL ALARM LIGHT (On dashboard to left of steering column)(OP)



B. DUAL-FUEL SYSTEM FUEL CHANGE-OVER INSTRUCTIONS (On Air Cleaner housing) (Not illustrated in Fig. AWB2296B)

# FUEL CHANGEOVER INSTRUCTIONS DUAL FUEL SYSTEM

CAUTION - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS. WHEN SWITCHING FROM LP-GAS TO LIQUID FUEL, BE SURE THAT THERE IS NO SPILLAGE OF LIQUID FUEL FROM THE CARBURETOR FLOAT SYSTEM.

- 1. SHUT OFF BOTH FUEL LINES COMPLETELY BY PLACING SWITCH IN THE OFF POSITION.
- 2. START ENGINE AND RUN UNTIL SYSTEM IS PURGED OF ALL FUEL AND STOPS.
- 3. TURN SWITCH TO DESIRED FUEL SELECTION, LPG OR GASOLINE.
- 4. START ENGINE AS USUAL.

KFOM0007

14. FUEL LEVEL REQUIREMENTS - GASOLINE AND LPG (On dashboard over Fuel Gauge)(Dual-Fuel applications only)

GASOLINE TANK MUST
BE AT LEAST 1/4 FULL
WHEN OPERATING
ON LPG
KFOM0008



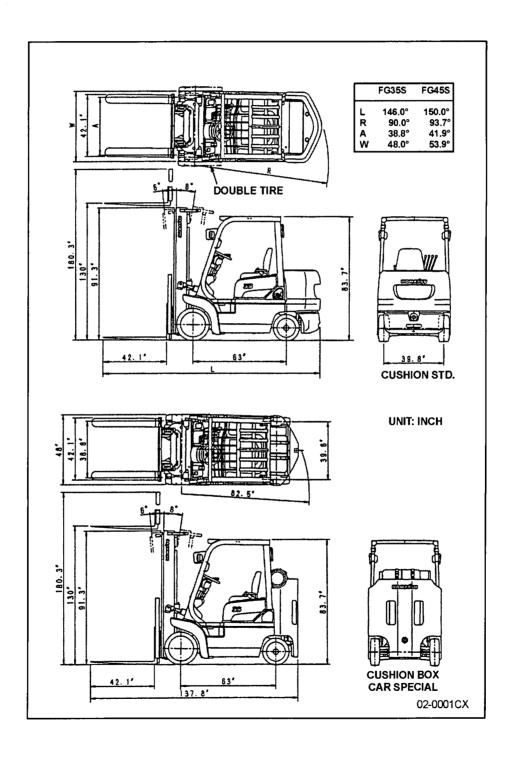
# SPECIFICATIONS - MAST DATA & FEATURES - INDOOR (CUSHION) TRUCK

FG35ST-8

**FG45ST-8** 

FG35BCS-8

FG45BCS-8



# SPECIFICATIONS - MAST DATA & FEATURES - CUSHION (CON'T)

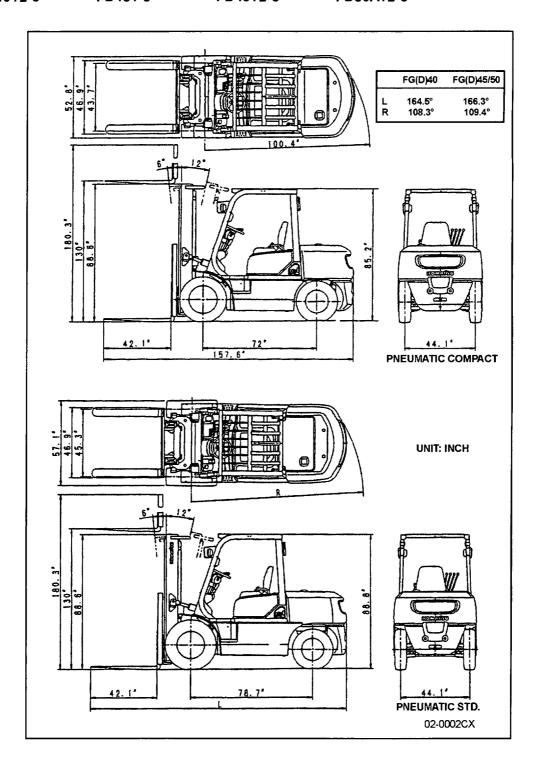
MAXIMUM FORK HEIGHT	MAST HEIG	FREE LIFT	
in. (mm)	Lowered in. (mm)	Extended† in. (mm)	in. (mm)†
		335 ee View (FV)	
119.0 (3,020)	85.0 (2,160)	167.0 (4,240)	7.0 (180)
131.0 (3,330)	91.0 (2,310)	179.0 (4,545)	7.0 (180)
147.0 (3,730)	99.0 (2,515)	195.0 (4,955)	7.0 (180)
158.0 (4,010)	105.0 (2,665)	206.0 (5,230)	7.0 (180)
170.0 (4,320)	111.0 (2,820)	218.0 (5,535)	7.0 (180)
	2-Stage Full F	ree View (FFV)	
118.0 (3,000)	85.0 (2,160)	166.0 (4,220)	37.0 (945)
130.0 (3,300)	91.0 (2,310)	178.0 (4,520)	43.0 (1,095)
146.0 (3,700)	99.0 (2,510)	194.0 (4,930)	51.0 (1,295)
157.0 (4,000)	107.0 (2,710)	205.0 (5,210)	59.0 (1,495)
<u> </u>	3-Stage Full F	ree View (TFV)	
159.0 (4,040)	78.0 (1,980)	207.0 (5,260)	30.0 (760)
171.0 (4,345)	82.0 (2,085)	219.0 (5,565)	34.0 (865)
185.0 (4,700)	87.0 (2,210)	233.0 (5,920)	39.0 (990)
197.0 (5,005)	91.0 (2,310)	245.0 (6,225)	43.0 (1,090)
217.0 (5,510)	98.0 (2,490)	265.0 (6,731)	50.0 (1,270)
237.0 (6,020)	105.0 (2,665)	285.0 (7,240)	57.0 (1,450)
	· -	645 e View (FV)	-
119.0 (3,020)	89.0 (2,260)	167.0 (4,240)	7.0 (180)
130.0 (3,300)	95.0 (2,415)	178.0 (4,520)	7.0 (180)
146.0 (3,710)	103.0 (2,615)	194.0 (4,930)	7.0 (180)
158.0 (4,010)	109.0 (2,770)	206.0 (5,230)	7.0 (180)
169.0 (4,290)	115.0 (2,920)	217.0 (5,510)	7.0 (180)
	2-Stage Full F	ree View (FFV)	
118.0 (3,000)	85.0 (2,160)	166.0 (4,220)	37.0 (945)
130.0 (3,300)	91.0 (2,310)	178.0 (4,520)	43.0 (1,095)
146.0 (3,700)	99.0 (2,510)	194.0 (4,930)	51.0 (1,295)
157.0 (4,000)	107.0 (2,710)	205.0 (5,210)	59.0 (1,495)
	3-Stage Full F	ree View (TFV)	
158.0 (4,015)	82.0 (2,085)	206.0 (5,320)	34.0 (865)
164.0 (4,165)	84.0 (2,135)	212.0 (5,385)	36.0 (815)
185.0 (4,700)	91.0 (2,310)	233.0 (5,920)	43.0 (1,090)
197.0 (5,005)	95.0 (2,415)	245.0 (6,225)	47.0 (1,195)
218.0 (5,535)	102.0 (2,590)	266.0 (6,755)	54.0 (1,370)
236.0 (5,995)	108.0 (2,745)	284.0 (7,215)	60.0 (1,525)

NOTE: Specifications for 4-Stage Full Free View (QFV) masts not indicated. Consult authorized dealer for information and availability. † Includes 48 in. (1,220mm) high load backrest.

# SPECIFICATIONS - MAST DATA & FEATURES - OUTDOOR (PNEUMATIC) TRUCKS

FG40ZT-8 FG40ZT2-8 FG40T-8 FG40T2-8 FG45T-8 FG45T2-8 FD40ZT-8 FD40ZT2-8 FD40ZT2-8 FD40ZT2-8

FD40T2-8 FD45T-8 FD50AT2-8



# **SPECIFICATIONS - MAST DATA & FEATURES - PNEUMATIC (CON'T)**

MAYMUM FORK UFICUT	MAST HEIG	iHT in. (mm)†	FREE LIFT
MAXIMUM FORK HEIGHT in. (mm)	Lowered in. (mm)	Extended† in. (mm)	in. (mm)†
		D)40Z ee View (FV)	
131.0 (3,330)	92.5 (2,350)	179.0 (4,545)	7.0 (180)
147.0 (3,730)	100.5 (2,550)	195.0 (4,955)	7.0 (180)
158.0 (4,010)	106.5 (2,705)	206.0 (5,230)	7.0 (180)
170.0 (4,320)	112.5 (2,855)	218.0 (5,535)	7.0 (180)
	3-Stage Full F	ree View (TFV)	
159.0 (4,040)	79.5 (2,019)	207.0 (5,260)	31.5 (800)
171.0 (4,345)	83.5 (2,121)	219.0 (5,565)	35.5 (900)
185.0 (4,700)	88.5 (2,248)	233.0 (5,920)	40.5 (1,030)
197.0 (5,005)	92.5 (2,350)	245.0 (6,225)	44.5 (1,130)
217.0 (5,510)	99.5 (2,527)	265.0 (6,731)	51.5 (1,310)
237.0 (6,020)	106.5 (2,705)	285.0 (7,240)	58.5 (1,485)
		9)40/45 ee View (FV)	
130.0 (3,300)	95.0 (2,415)	178.0 (4,520)	7.0 (180)
146.0 (3,710)	103.0 (2,615)	194.0 (4,930)	7.0 (180)
158.0 (4,010)	109.0 (2,770)	206.0 (5,230)	7.0 (180)
169.0 (4,290)	115.0 (2,920)	217.0 (5,510)	7.0 (180)
	3-Stage Full F	ree View (TFV)	
158.0 (4,015)	83.5 (2,120)	206.0 (5,320)	35.5 (900)
170.0 (4,320)	87.5 (2,225)	218.0 (5,535)	39.5 (1,005)
185.0 (4,700)	92.5 (2,350)	233.0 (5,920)	44.5 (1,130)
197.0 (5,005)	96.5 (2,450)	245.0 (6,225)	48.5 (1,230)
218.0 (5,535)	103.5 (2,630)	266.0 (6,755)	55.5 (1,410)
236.0 (5,995)	109.5 (2,780)	284.0 (7,215)	61.5 (1,560)
		(D)50 ee View (FV)	
119.0 (3,020)	82.5 (2,350)	167.0 (4,240)	7.0 (180)
130.0 (3,300)	98.5 (2,500)	178.0 (4,520)	7.0 (180)
146.0 (3,710)	106.5 (2,705)	194.0 (4,930)	7.0 (180)
159.0 (4,040)	113.5 (2,880)	207.0 (5,260)	7.0 (180)
169.0 (4,290)	118.5 (3,010)	217.0 (5,510)	7.0 (180)
, ,		ree View (TFV)	
157.0 (3,990)	85.5 (2,170)	205.0 (5,210)	33.0 (840)
170.0 (4,320)	89.5 (2,275)	218.0 (5,540)	37.0 (940)
185.0 (4,700)	94.5 (2,400)	233.0 (5,920)	42.0 (1,070)
197.0 (5,005)	98.5 (2,500)	245.0 (6,225)	46.0 (1,170)
218.0 (5,535)	105.5 (2,680)	266.0 (6,756)	53.0 (1,350)
236.0 (5,995)	111.5 (2,830)	284.0 (7,215)	59.0 (1,500)

NOTE: Specifications for 2-Stage Full Free View (FFV) masts are not indicated. Consult dealer for data and availability. † Includes 48 in. (1,220mm) high load backrest.

# TRUCK DATA - CUSHION TIRE LIFT TRUCKS (INDOOR)

	FG35ST-8	FG35BCS-8	FG45ST-8
GENERAL			<del></del>
Power Type	Gasoline	LPG	Gasoline
Operation Type	Sit Down	Sit Down	Sit Down
Capacity @ 24 in. (600 mm) Load Center * lbs. (kg)	8,000 (3,630)	8,000 (3,630)	10,000 (4,535)
Load Distance from Center Axle (2-Stage) in. (mm)	17.9 (455)	17.9 (455)	17.9 (455)
Load Distance from Center Axle (3-Stage) in. (mm)	20.2 (515)	20.2 (515)	20.2 (515)
Wheelbase in. (mm)	63.0 (1,600)	63.0 (1,600)	63.0 (1,600)
WEIGHT			<u>.</u>
Service Weight (inc. 2-Stage STD Mast/Forks lbs. (kg)	12,960 (5,880)	13,340 (6,050)	14,780 (6,705)
TIRES		·	
Tire Type	Cushion	Cushion	Cushion
Tire Size - Front	22 x 9 x 16	22 x 9 x 16	22 x 6 x 16 Dual
Tire Size - Rear	18 x 7 x 12 1/8	18 x 7 x 12 1/8	18 x 7 x 12 1/8
Number of Wheels - Front / Rear x = Driven	2x / 2	2x / 2	4x / 2
Tread (Center of Tires) - Front / Rear in. (mm)	38.8 (985) /	39.8 (1,010)	41.9 (1,065) / 39.8 (1,010)
DIMENSIONS			
Tilting Angle, 2-Stage (FV) Masts, Forward / Backward °	6/6	6/6	6/6
Tilting Angle, 3-Stage (TFV) Masts, Forward / Backward °	6/6	6/6	6/6
Mast Height - Lowered - 2-Stage Std. Mast in. (mm)	91.0 (2,310)	91.0 (2,310)	95.0 (2,410)
Mast Height - Extended - 2-Stage Mast † in. (mm)	179.0 (4,445)	179.0 (4,445)	178.0 (4,520)
Maximum Fork Height - 2-Stage STD Mast ** in. (mm)	131.0 (3,330)	131.0 (3,330)	130.0 (3,300)
Free Lift Height - 2-Stage STD Mast in. (mm)	7.0 (180)	7.0 (180)	7.0 (180)
Height Overhead Guard in. (mm)	83.7 (2,125)	83.7 (2,125)	83.7 (2,125)
Length to Fork Face - 2-Stage Mast in. (mm)	104.1 (2,645)	95.9 (2,435)	108.3 (2,750)
Length to Fork Face - 3-Stage Mast in. (mm)	106.4 (2,705)	98.2 (2,495)	110.6 (2,810)
Overall Width at Drive Tires in. (mm)	48.0 (1,120)	48.0 (1,120)	53.9 (1,370)
Forks - Thickness x Width x Length in. (mm)	2.0	x 6.0 x 42.0 (50 x 150 x 1,	070)
Carriage Width / ITA Class in. (mm)	46.9 (1,190) / III	41.0 (1,040) / III	41.0 (1,040) / III
Ground Clearance under Mast in. (mm)	4.0 (100)	4.0 (100)	4.0 (100)
Ground Clearance - Center of Wheelbase in. (mm)	4.9 (125)	4.9 (125)	4.9 (125)
Right Angle Stacking Aisle (2-Stage Mast) †† in. (mm)	107.9 (2,740)	100.4 (2,550)	111.6 (2,835)
Right Angle Stacking Aisle (3-Stage Mast) †† in. (mm)	110.2 (2,800)	102.7 (2,610)	113.9 (2,895)
Turning Radius - Outside in. (mm)	90.0 (2,285)	82.5 (2,095)	93.7 (2,380)
PERFORMANCE			1
Travel Speed, Forward - Loaded / Unloaded mph (k/hr.)		9.6 (15.5) / 9.6 (15.5)	
Lifting Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (2-Stage) fpm (mm/s)	112 (570)	/ 114 (580)	93 (470) / 95 (480)
Lifting Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (3-Stage) fpm (mm/s)	108 (550)	/ 110 (560)	89 (450) / 91 (460)
Lowering Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (2-Stg) fpm (mm/s)	102 (520)	/ 93 (470)	95 (480) / 85 (430)
Lowering Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (3-Stg) fpm (mm/s)	98 (500)	/ 89 (450)	91 (460) / 81 (410)
Maximum Drawbar Pull - Loaded lbs. (kN)	7,730 (34.4)	7,730 (34.4)	7,500 (33.3)
Maximum Gradeability - Loaded / Unloaded at 1 mph %	40 / 18	36 / 18	32 / 16
Service Brake - Operation / Control	Foot / Hydraulic	Foot / Hydraulic	Foot / Hydraulic
Parking Brake - Operation / Control	Hand / Mechanical	Hand / Mechanical	Hand / Mechanical
Steering Type	Hydrostatic Power	Hydrostatic Power	Hydrostatic Power

TABLE CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

		FG35ST-8	FG35BCS-8	FG45ST-8
DRIVE	***************************************	·		
Battery Voltage / Capacity (20 hour	rating) V/Ah	12 / 60	12 / 60	12 / 60
Engine Model		TB45E	TB45E	TB45E
Rated Output (SAE Gross)	HP (kW) @ rpm	95 (71) @ 2,400	95 (71) @ 2,400	95 (71) @ 2,400
Maximum Torque (SAE Gross)	lb.ft (Nm) @ rpm	203 (275) @ 1,600	203 (275) @ 1,600	203 (275) @ 1,600
No. of Cylinders / Displacement	cu. in. (cm <sup>3</sup> )		6 / 273 (4,478)	
Cylinder Bore x Stroke	in. (mm)		3.9 (99.5) x 3.8 (96)	
Fuel Tank Capacity	U.S. gallons (liters)		15.9 (60)	-
OTHER			Lucu	
Relief Pressure - Maximum	psi (bar)	2,700 (186)	2,700 (186)	2,700 (186)
Hydraulic Tank Capacity	U.S. gallons (liters)	12.4 (47)	12.4 (47)	12.4 (47)
Clutch			Torque Converter	
Transmission			TORQFLOW	
Air Cleaner Type		Cyclone	Cyclone	Cyclone

NOTE: Most values shown in this publication are rounded. Therefore, direct conversion between metric and English or Imperial may be slightly different than displayed in this table. The performance of the machines is affected by the condition of the vehicle and how it is equipped as well as the nature and condition of the operating area. If these specifications are critical or if your needs exceed the specifications shown here, discuss the proposed application with your authorized dealer.

<sup>•</sup> Optional masts, attachments, longer load dimensions and higher lifting heights may result in derating of the capacity. Contact your authorized dealer.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Other mast heights available. See MAST DATA CHART for other mast heights. Contact your authorized dealer.

<sup>†</sup> Includes 48 in. (1,220 mm) high Load Backrest. Contact your authorized dealer for additional information.

<sup>††</sup> Add load length and clearance. Contact your authorized dealer.

# TRUCK DATA - CUSHION TIRE LIFT TRUCKS (CON'T)

	FG45BCS-8
GENERAL	
Power Type	LPG
Operation Type	Sit Down
Capacity @ 24 in. (600 mm) Load Center * lbs. (kg)	10,000 (4,535)
Load Distance from Center Axle (2-Stage) in. (mm)	17.9 (455)
Load Distance from Center Axle (3-Stage) in. (mm)	20.2 (515)
Wheelbase in. (mm)	63.0 (1,600)
WEIGHT	•
Service Weight (inc. 2-Stage STD Mast/Forks lbs. (kg)	15,070 (6,835)
TIRES	
Tire Type	Cushion
Tire Size - Front	22 x 6 x 16
Tire Size - Rear	18 x 7 X 12 1/8
Number of Wheels - Front / Rear x = Driven	4x / 2
Tread (Center of Tires) - Front / Rear in. (mm)	41.9 (1,065) / 39.8 (1,010)
DIMENSIONS	
Tilting Angle, 2-Stage (FV) Masts, Forward / Backward °	6/6
Tilting Angle, 3-Stage (TFV) Masts, Forward / Backward °	6/6
Mast Height - Lowered - 2-Stage Mast in. (mm)	95.0 (2,410)
Mast Height - Extended - 2-Stage Mast † in. (mm)	178.0 (4,520)
Maximum Fork Height - 2-Stage STD Mast ** in. (mm)	130.0 (3,300)
Free Lift Height - 2-Stage STD Mast in. (mm)	7.0 (180)
Height Overhead Guard in. (mm)	83.7 (2,125)
Length to Fork Face - 2-Stage Mast in. (mm)	99.6 (2,530)
Length to Fork Face - 3-Stage Mast in. (mm)	102.3 (2,605)
Overall Width at Drive Tires in. (mm)	53.9 (1,370)
Forks - Thickness x Width x Length in. (mm)	2.0 x 6.0 x 42.0 (50 x 150 x 1,070
Carriage Width / ITA Class in. (mm)	46.9 (1,190) / III
Ground Clearance under Mast in. (mm)	4.0 (100)
Ground Clearance - Center of Wheelbase in. (mm)	4.9 (125)
Right Angle Stacking Aisle (2-Stage Mast) †† in. (mm)	105.7 (2,685)
Right Angle Stacking Aisle (3-Stage Mast) †† in. (mm)	108.0 (2,745)
Turning Radius - Outside in. (mm)	87.8 (2,230)
PERFORMANCE	
Travel Speed, Forward - Loaded / Unloaded mph (k/hr.)	9.6 (15.5) / 9.6 (15.5)
Lifting Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (2-Stage) fpm (mm/s)	93 (470) / 95 (480)
Lifting Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (3-Stage) fpm (mm/s)	89 (450) / 91 (460)
Lowering Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (2-Stg) fpm (mm/s)	95 (480) / 85 (430)
Lowering Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (3-Stg) fpm (mm/s)	91 (460) / 81 (410)
Maximum Drawbar Pull - Loaded lbs. (kN)	7,500 (33.3)
Maximum Gradeability - Loaded %	29 / 16
Service Brake - Operation / Control	Foot / Hydraulic
Parking Brake - Operation / Control	Hand / Mechanical
Steering Type	Hydrostatic Power

	FG45BCS-8
DRIVE	
Battery Voltage / Capacity (20 hour rating) V/Ah	12 / 60
Engine Model	TB45E
Rated Output (SAE Gross) HP (kW) @ rpm	95 (71) @ 2,400
Maximum Torque (SAE Gross) lb.ft (Nm) @ rpm	203 (275) @ 1,600
No. of Cylinders / Displacement cu. in. (cm <sup>3</sup> )	6 / 273 (4,478)
Cylinder Bore x Stroke in. (mm)	3.9 (99.5) x 3.8 (96)
Fuel Tank Capacity U.S. gallons (liters)	
OTHER	•
Relief Pressure - Maximum psi (bar)	2,700 (186)
Hydraulic Tank Capacity U.S. gallons (liters)	12.4 (47)
Clutch	Torque Converter
Transmission	TORQFLOW
Air Cleaner Type	Cyclone

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- Optional masts, attachments, longer load dimensions and higher lifting heights may result in derating of the capacity. Contact your authorized dealer.
- \*\* Other mast heights available. See MAST DATA CHART for other mast heights. Contact your authorized dealer.
- † Includes 48 in. (1,220 mm) high Load Backrest. Contact your authorized dealer for additional information. †† Add load length and clearance. Contact your authorized dealer.

# TRUCK DATA - PNEUMATIC TIRE LIFT TRUCKS

	FG40ZT-8	FG40ZT2-8	FG40T-8
GENERAL			
Power Type	Gasoline	Gasoline	Gasoline
Operation Type	Sit Down	Sit Down	Sit Down
Capacity @ 24 in. (600 mm) Load Center * lbs. (kg)	8,000 (3,630)	8,000 (3,630)	9,000 (4,080)
Load Distance from Center Axle (2-Stage) in. (mm)	20.0 (510)	20.0 (510)	21.5 (545)
Load Distance from Center Axle (3-Stage) in. (mm)	21.3 (540)	21.3 (540)	21.5 (545)
Wheelbase in. (mm)	72.1 (1,830)	72.1 (1,830)	78.7 (2,000)
WEIGHT			
Service Weight (inc. 2-Stage STD Mast/Forks lbs. (kg)	12,850 (5,830)	12,850 (5,830)	14,030 (6,365)
TIRES		•	
Tire Type	Pneumatic	Pneumatic	Pneumatic
Tire Size - Front	250 x 15 x 16PR (I)	250 x 15 x 16PR (I)	250 x 15 x 16PR (I)
Tire Size - Rear	7.00 X 12-12PR (I)	7.00 X 12-12PR (I)	7.00 X 12-12PR (I)
Number of Wheels - Front / Rear x = Driven	2x / 2	2x / 2	2x / 2
Tread (Center of Tires) - Front / Rear in. (mm)	43.7 (1,110)	/ 44.1 (1,120)	45.3 (1,150) / 44.1 (1,120)
DIMENSIONS			
Tilting Angle, 2-Stage (FV) Masts, Forward / Backward °	6 / 12	6 / 12	6 / 12
Tilting Angle, 3-Stage (TFV) Masts, Forward / Backward °	6/6	6/6	6/6
Mast Height - Lowered - 2-Stage Std. Mast in. (mm)	92.5 (2,350)	92.5 (2,350)	95.0 (2,413)
Mast Height - Extended - 2-Stage Mast † in. (mm)	179.0 (4,545)	179.0 (4,545)	178.0 (4,520)
Maximum Fork Height - 2-Stage STD Mast ** in. (mm)	131.0 (3,330)	131.0 (3,330)	130.0 (3,300)
Free Lift Height - 2-Stage STD Mast in. (mm)	7.0 (180)	7.0 (180)	7.0 (180)
Height Overhead Guard in. (mm)	86.2 (2,930)	86.2 (2,190)	88.8 (2,225)
Length to Fork Face - 2-Stage Mast in. (mm)	115.3 (2,930)	115.3 (2,930)	122.2 (3,105)
Length to Fork Face - 3-Stage Mast in. (mm)	116.6 (2,960)	116.6 (2,960)	122.2 (3,105)
Overall Width at Drive Tires in. (mm)	52.8 (1,340)	52.8 (1,340)	57.1 (1,450)
Forks - Thickness x Width x Length in. (mm)	2.0	x 6.0 x 42.0 (50 x 150 x 1,0	070)
Carriage Width / ITA Class in. (mm)	46.9 (1,190) / III	46.9 (1,190) / III	46.9 (1,190) / III
Ground Clearance under Mast in. (mm)	5.5 (140)	5.5 (140)	5.5 (140)
Ground Clearance - Center of Wheelbase in. (mm)	6.7 (170)	6.7 (170)	8.7 (220)
Right Angle Stacking Aisle (2-Stage Mast) †† in. (mm)	120.2 (3,055)	120.2 (3,055)	129.8 (3,295)
Right Angle Stacking Aisle (3-Stage Mast) †† in. (mm)	121.5 (3,085)	121.5 (3,085)	129.8 (3,295)
Turning Radius - Outside in. (mm)	100.2 (2,545)	100.2 (2,545)	108.3 (2,750)
PERFORMANCE			
Travel Speed, Forward - Loaded / Unloaded mph (k/hr.)	11.8 (19.0) / 12.7 (20.5)	13.4 (21.5) / 14.3 (23.0)	11.8 (19.0) / 12.7 (20.5)
Lifting Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (2-Stage) fpm (mm/s)	114 (580)	/ 116 (590)	95 (480) / 97 (490)
Lifting Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (3-Stage) fpm (mm/s)	110 (560)	/ 112 (570)	91 (460) / 93 (470)
Lowering Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (2-Stg) fpm (mm/s)	102 (520)	/ 93 (470)	95 (480) / 85 (430)
Lowering Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (3-Stg) fpm (mm/s)	98 (500)	/ 89 (450)	91 (460) / 81 (410)
Maximum Drawbar Pull - Loaded lbs. (kN)	6,830 (30.4)	8,815 (40.2)	6,830 (30.4)
Maximum Gradeability - Loaded / Unloaded at 1 mph %	32 / 21	47 / 21	28 / 22
Service Brake - Operation / Control	Foot / Hydraulic	Foot / Hydraulic	Foot / Hydraulic
Parking Brake - Operation / Control	Hand / Mechanical	Hand / Mechanical	Hand / Mechanical
Steering Type	Hydrostatic Power	Hydrostatic Power	Hydrostatic Power

TABLE CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

		FG40ZT-8	FG40ZT2-8	FG40T-8	
DRIVE			<u> </u>	,	
Battery Voltage / Capacity (20 hour	rating) V/Ah	12 / 60	12 / 60	12 / 60	
Engine Model		TB45E	TB45E	TB45E	
Rated Output (SAE Gross)	HP (kW) @ rpm	95 (71) @ 2,400	95 (71) @ 2,400	95 (71) @ 2,400	
Maximum Torque (SAE Gross)	lb.ft (Nm) @ rpm	203 (275) @ 1,600	203 (275) @ 1,600	203 (275) @ 1,600	
No. of Cylinders / Displacement	cu. in. (cm³)		6 / 273 (4,478)		
Cylinder Bore x Stroke	in. (mm)	3.9 (99.5) x 3.8 (96)			
Fuel Tank Capacity	U.S. gallons (liters)	22.5 (85)	22.5 (85)	26.4 (100)	
OTHER					
Relief Pressure - Maximum	psi (bar)	2,700 (186)	2,700 (186)	2,700 (186)	
Hydraulic Tank Capacity	U.S. gallons (liters)	14.5 (55)	14.5 (55)	14.5 (55)	
Clutch		Torque Converter			
Transmission		TORQFLOW			
Air Cleaner Type		Cyclone	Cyclone	Cyclone	

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<sup>•</sup> Optional masts, attachments, longer load dimensions and higher lifting heights may result in derating of the capacity. Contact your authorized dealer.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Other mast heights available. See MAST DATA CHART for other mast heights. Contact your authorized dealer.

<sup>†</sup> Includes 48 in. (1,220 mm) high Load Backrest. Contact your authorized dealer for additional information.

<sup>††</sup> Add load length and clearance. Contact your authorized dealer.

# TRUCK DATA - PNEUMATIC TIRE LIFT TRUCKS (CON'T)

	FG40T2-8	FG45T-8	FG45T2-8
GENERAL	<u> </u>	·	
Power Type	Gasoline	Gasoline	Gasoline
Operation Type	Sit Down	Sit Down	Sit Down
Capacity @ 24 in. (600 mm) Load Center * lbs. (kg)	9,000 (4,080)	10,000 (4,535)	10,000 (4,535)
Load Distance from Center Axle (2-Stage) in. (mm)	21.5 (545)	21.5 (545)	21.5 (545)
Load Distance from Center Axle (3-Stage) in. (mm)	21.5 (545)	21.3 (540)	21.5 (545)
Wheelbase in. (mm)	78.7 (2,000)	78.7 (2,000)	78.7 (2,000)
WEIGHT		1	\(\frac{1}{2}\) 1.11
Service Weight (inc. 2-Stage STD Mast/Forks lbs. (kg)	14,030 (6,365)	14,730 (6,6800)	14,730 (6,6800)
TIRES	<u> </u>		
Tire Type	Pneumatic	Pneumatic	Pneumatic
Tire Size - Front	300 x 15 x 18PR (I)	300 x 15 x 18PR (I)	300 x 15 x 18PR (I)
Tire Size - Rear	7.00 X 12-12PR (I)	7.00 X 12-12PR (I)	7.00 X 12-12PR (I)
Number of Wheels - Front / Rear x = Driven	2x / 2	2x / 2	2x / 2
Tread (Center of Tires) - Front / Rear in. (mm)		45.3 (1,150) / 44.1 (1,120)	)
DIMENSIONS			
Tilting Angle, 2-Stage (FV) Masts, Forward / Backward °	6 / 12	6 / 12	6 / 12
Tilting Angle, 3-Stage (TFV) Masts, Forward / Backward °	6/6	6/6	6/6
Mast Height - Lowered - 2-Stage Std. Mast in. (mm)	95.0 (2,413)	95.0 (2,413)	95.0 (2,413)
Mast Height - Extended - 2-Stage Mast † in. (mm)	178.0 (4,520)	178.0 (4,520)	178.0 (4,520)
Maximum Fork Height - 2-Stage STD Mast ** in. (mm)	130.0 (3,300)	130.0 (3,300)	130.0 (3,300)
Free Lift Height - 2-Stage STD Mast in. (mm)	7.0 (180)	7.0 (180)	7.0 (180)
Height Overhead Guard in. (mm)	88.8 (2,225)	88.8 (2,225)	88.8 (2,225)
Length to Fork Face - 2-Stage Mast in. (mm)	122.2 (3,105)	124.0 (3,150)	124.0 (3,150)
Length to Fork Face - 3-Stage Mast in. (mm)	122.2 (3,105)	124.0 (3,150)	124.0 (3,150)
Overall Width at Drive Tires in. (mm)	57.1 (1,450)	57.1 (1,450)	57.1 (1,450)
Forks - Thickness x Width x Length in. (mm)	2.0	x 6.0 x 42.0 (50 x 150 x 1,0	070)
Carriage Width / ITA Class in. (mm)	46.9 (1,190) / III	46.9 (1,190) / III	46.9 (1,190) / III
Ground Clearance under Mast in. (mm)	5.5 (140)	5.5 (140)	5.5 (140)
Ground Clearance - Center of Wheelbase in. (mm)	8.7 (220)	8.7 (220)	8.7 (220)
Right Angle Stacking Aisle (2-Stage Mast) †† in. (mm)	129.8 (3,295)	130.9 (3,325)	130.9 (3,325)
Right Angle Stacking Aisle (3-Stage Mast) †† in. (mm)	129.8 (3,295)	130.9 (3,325)	130.9 (3,325)
Turning Radius - Outside in. (mm)	108.3 (2,750)	109.5 (2,780)	109.5 (2,780)
PERFORMANCE			
Travel Speed, Forward - Loaded / Unloaded mph (k/hr.)	14.9 (24.0) / 16.2 (26.0)	11.2 (18.0) / 14.3 (23.0)	14.6 (23.5) / 16.2 (26.0)
Lifting Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (2-Stage) fpm (mm/s)	95 (480) / 97 (490)	95 (480) / 97 (490)	95 (480) / 97 (490)
Lifting Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (3-Stage) fpm (mm/s)	91 (460) / 93 (470)	91 (460) / 93 (470)	91 (460) / 93 (470)
Lowering Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (2-Stg) fpm (mm/s)	95 (480) / 85 (430)	95 (480) / 85 (430)	95 (480) / 85 (430)
Lowering Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (3-Stg) fpm (mm/s)	91 (460) / 93 (470)	91 (460) / 81 (410)	91 (460) / 81 (410)
Maximum Drawbar Pull - Loaded lbs. (kN)	8,815 (36.3)	6,610 (29.4)	8,165 (36.3)
Maximum Gradeability - Loaded / Unloaded at 1 mph %	35 / 22	26 / 21	32 / 21
Service Brake - Operation / Control	Foot / Hydraulic	Foot / Hydraulic	Foot / Hydraulic
Parking Brake - Operation / Control	Hand / Mechanical	Hand / Mechanical	Hand / Mechanical
Steering Type	Hydrostatic Power	Hydrostatic Power	Hydrostatic Power

TABLE CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

		FG40T2-8	FG45T-8	FG45T2-8
DRIVE		·	<u> </u>	
Battery Voltage / Capacity (20 hour	rating) V/Ah	12 / 60	12 / 60	12 / 60
Engine Model		TB45E	TB45E	TB45E
Rated Output (SAE Gross)	HP (kW) @ rpm	95 (71) @ 2,400	95 (71) @ 2,400	95 (71) @ 2,400
Maximum Torque (SAE Gross)	lb.ft (Nm) @ rpm	203 (275) @ 1,600	203 (275) @ 1,600	203 (275) @ 1,600
No. of Cylinders / Displacement	cu. in. (cm <sup>3</sup> )		6 / 273 (4,478)	
Cylinder Bore x Stroke	in. (mm)		3.9 (99.5) x 3.8 (96)	
Fuel Tank Capacity	U.S. gallons (liters)	26.4 (100)	26.4 (100)	26.4 (100)
OTHER		···		
Relief Pressure - Maximum	psi (bar)	2,700 (186)	2,700 (186)	2,700 (186)
Hydraulic Tank Capacity	U.S. gallons (liters)	14.5 (55)	14.5 (55)	14.5 (55)
Clutch	<del>-</del>		Torque Converter	
Transmission			TORQFLOW	
Air Cleaner Type		Cyclone	Cyclone	Cyclone

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<sup>•</sup> Optional masts, attachments, longer load dimensions and higher lifting heights may result in derating of the capacity. Contact your authorized dealer.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Other mast heights available. See MAST DATA CHART for other mast heights. Contact your authorized dealer.

<sup>†</sup> Includes 48 in. (1,220 mm) high Load Backrest. Contact your authorized dealer for additional information.

<sup>††</sup> Add load length and clearance. Contact your authorized dealer.

# TRUCK DATA - PNEUMATIC TIRE LIFT TRUCKS (CON'T)

	FG50AT2-8	FD40ZT-8	FD40ZT2-8
GENERAL	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Power Type	Gasoline	Diesel	Diesel
Operation Type	Sit Down	Sit Down	Sit Down
Capacity @ 24 in. (600 mm) Load Center • lbs. (kg)	11,000 (5,000)	8,000 (3,630)	8,000 (3,630)
Load Distance from Center Axle (2-Stage) in. (mm)	21.7 (550)	20.0 (510)	20.0 (510)
Load Distance from Center Axle (3-Stage) in. (mm)	21.7 (550)	21.3 (540)	21.3 (540)
Wheelbase in. (mm)	78.7 (2,000)	72.1 (1,830)	72.1 (1,830)
WEIGHT		L	·
Service Weight (inc. 2-Stage STD Mast/Forks lbs. (kg)	16,060 (7,285)	13,180 (5,980)	13,180 (5,980)
TIRES			<u> </u>
Tire Type	Pneumatic	Pneumatic	Pneumatic
Tire Size - Front	300 x 15 x 18PR (I)	250 x 15 x 16PR (i)	250 x 15 x 16PR (I)
Tire Size - Rear	7.00 X 12-16PR (I)	7.00 X 12-12PR (I)	7.00 X 12-12PR (I)
Number of Wheels - Front / Rear x = Driven	2x / 2	2x / 2	2x / 2
Tread (Center of Tires) - Front / Rear in. (mm)	45.3 (1,150) / 44.1 (1,120)	43.7 (1,110)	/ 44.1 (1,120)
DIMENSIONS	<u> </u>	1	
Tilting Angle, 2-Stage (FV) Masts, Forward / Backward °	6 / 12	6 / 12	6 / 12
Tilting Angle, 3-Stage (TFV) Masts, Forward / Backward °	6/6	6/6	6/6
Mast Height - Lowered - 2-Stage Std. Mast in. (mm)	98.5 (2,500)	92.5 (2,350)	92.5 (2,350)
Mast Height - Extended - 2-Stage Mast † in. (mm)	178.0 (4,520)	179.0 (4,545)	179.0 (4,545)
Maximum Fork Height - 2-Stage STD Mast ** in. (mm)	130.0 (3,300)	131.0 (3,330)	131.0 (3,330)
Free Lift Height - 2-Stage STD Mast in. (mm)	7.0 (180)	7.0 (180)	7.0 (180)
Height Overhead Guard in. (mm)	88.8 (2,225)	86.2 (2,190)	86.2 (2,190)
Length to Fork Face - 2-Stage Mast in. (mm)	124.2 (3,155)	115.3 (2,930)	115.3 (2,930)
Length to Fork Face - 3-Stage Mast in. (mm)	124.2 (3,155)	116.6 (2,960)	116.6 (2,960)
Overall Width at Drive Tires in. (mm)	57.1 (1,450)	52.8 (1,340)	52.8 (1,340)
Forks - Thickness x Width x Length in. (mm)	2.2 x 6.0 x 42.0 (55 x 150 x 1,070)	2.0 x 6.0 x 42.0 (50 x 150 x 1,070)	2.0 x 6.0 x 42.0 (50 x 150 x 1,070)
Carriage Width / ITA Class in. (mm)	46.9 (1,190) / IV	46.9 (1,190) / III	46.9 (1,190) / III
Ground Clearance under Mast in. (mm)	5.5 (140)	5.5 (140)	5.5 (140)
Ground Clearance - Center of Wheelbase in. (mm)	8.7 (220)	6.7 (170)	6.7 (170)
Right Angle Stacking Aisle (2-Stage Mast) †† in. (mm)	131.1 (3,330)	120.2 (3,055)	120.2 (3,055)
Right Angle Stacking Aisle (3-Stage Mast) †† in. (mm)	131.1 (3,330)	121.5 (3,085)	121.5 (3,085)
Turning Radius - Outside in. (mm)	109.5 (2,780)	100.2 (2,545)	100.2 (2,545)
PERFORMANCE			·
Travel Speed, Forward - Loaded / Unloaded mph (k/hr.)	13.1 (21.0) / 14.9 (24.0)	11.2 (18.0) / 12.1 (19.5)	12.4 (20.0) / 13.7 (22.0)
Lifting Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (2-Stage) fpm (mm/s)	95 (480) / 97 (490)	110 (560) / 116 (590)	110 (560) / 116 (590)
Lifting Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (3-Stage) fpm (mm/s)	91 (460) / 93 (470)	102 (520) / 108 (550)	102 (520) / 108 (550)
Lowering Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (2-Stg) fpm (mm/s)	89 (450) / 89 (450)	95 (480) / 108 (550)	95 (480) / 108 (550)
Lowering Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (3-Stg) fpm (mm/s)	95 (480) / 83 (420)	98 (500) / 89 (450)	98 (500) / 89 (450)
Maximum Drawbar Pull - Loaded lbs. (kN)	8,165 (36.3)	7,230 (32.2)	9,760 (43.4)
Maximum Gradeability - Loaded / Unloaded at 1 mph %	29.5 / 21.0	35 / 21	52 / 21
Service Brake - Operation / Control	Foot / Hydraulic	Foot / Hydraulic	Foot / Hydraulic
Parking Brake - Operation / Control	Hand / Mechanical	Hand / Mechanical	Hand / Mechanical
Steering Type	Hydrostatic Power	Hydrostatic Power	Hydrostatic Power

TABLE CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

		FG50AT2-8	FD40ZT-8	FD40ZT2-8
DRIVE		1		<u> </u>
Battery Voltage / Capacity (20 hour	rating) V/Ah	12 / 60	24 / 70	24 / 70
Engine Model		TB45E	\$6D102E	S6D102E
Rated Output (SAE Gross)	HP (kW) @ rpm	95 (71) @ 2,400	95 (71) @ 2,150	95 (71) @ 2,150
Maximum Torque (SAE Gross)	lb.ft (Nm) @ rpm	203 (275) @ 1,600	275 (372) @ 1,600	275 (372) @ 1,600
No. of Cylinders / Displacement	cu. in. (cm <sup>3</sup> )	6 / 273 (4,478)	6 / 359	(5,880)
Cylinder Bore x Stroke	in. (mm)	3.9 (99.5) X 3.8 (96)	4.0 (102)	x 4.7 (120)
Fuel Tank Capacity	U.S. gallons (liters)	26.4 (100)	22.5 (85)	22.5 (85)
OTHER		<u> </u>		
Relief Pressure - Maximum	psi (bar)	2,700 (186)	2,700 (186)	2,700 (186)
Hydraulic Tank Capacity	U.S. gallons (liters)	14.5 (55)	14.5 (55)	14.5 (55)
Clutch		Torque Converter		
Transmission	smission		TORQFLOW	
Air Cleaner Type	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Cyclone	Cyclone	Cyclone

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<sup>•</sup> Optional masts, attachments, longer load dimensions and higher lifting heights may result in derating of the capacity. Contact your authorized dealer.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Other mast heights available. See MAST DATA CHART for other mast heights. Contact your authorized dealer.

<sup>†</sup> Includes 48 in. (1,220 mm) high Load Backrest. Contact your authorized dealer for additional information.

<sup>††</sup> Add load length and clearance. Contact your authorized dealer.

# TRUCK DATA - PNEUMATIC TIRE LIFT TRUCKS (CON'T)

	FD40T-8	FD40T2-8	FD45T-8
GENERAL		<u> </u>	
Power Type	Diesel	Diesel	Diesel
Operation Type	Sit Down	Sit Down	Sit Down
Capacity @ 24 in. (600 mm) Load Center * lbs. (kg)	9,000 (4,080)	9,000 (4,080)	10,000 (4,535)
Load Distance from Center Axle (2-Stage) in. (mm)	21.5 (545)	21.5 (545)	21.5 (545)
Load Distance from Center Axle (3-Stage) in. (mm)	21.5 (545)	21.5 (545)	21.5 (545)
Wheelbase in. (mm)	78.7 (2,000)	72.1 (1,830)	78.7 (2,000)
WEIGHT	J		
Service Weight (inc. 2-Stage STD Mast/Forks lbs. (kg)	14,420 (6,540)	14,420 (6,540)	15,110 (6,855)
TIRES		<del> </del>	
Tire Type	Pneumatic	Pneumatic	Pneumatic
Tire Size - Front	300 x 15 x 18PR (I)	300 x 15 x 18PR (I)	300 x 15 x 18PR (I)
Tire Size - Rear	7.00 X 12-12PR (I)	7.00 X 12-12PR (I)	7.00 X 12-12PR (I)
Number of Wheels - Front / Rear x = Driven	2x / 2	2x / 2	2x / 2
Tread (Center of Tires) - Front / Rear in. (mm)		45.3 (1,150) / 44.1 (1,120)	
DIMENSIONS	<del></del>		
Tilting Angle, 2-Stage (FV) Masts, Forward / Backward °	6 / 12	6 / 12	6 / 12
Tilting Angle, 3-Stage (TFV) Masts, Forward / Backward °	6/6	6/6	6/6
Mast Height - Lowered - 2-Stage Std. Mast in. (mm)	95.0 (2,415)	95.0 (2,415)	95.0 (2,415)
Mast Height - Extended - 2-Stage Mast † in. (mm)	178.0 (4,520)	178.0 (4,520)	178.0 (4,520)
Maximum Fork Height - 2-Stage STD Mast ** in. (mm)	130.0 (3,300)	130.0 (3,300)	130.0 (3,300)
Free Lift Height - 2-Stage STD Mast in. (mm)	7.0 (180)	7.0 (180)	7.0 (180)
Height Overhead Guard in. (mm)	88.8 (2,225)	88.8 (2,225)	88.8 (2,225)
Length to Fork Face - 2-Stage Mast in. (mm)	122.2 (3,105)	122.2 (3,105)	124.0 (3,150)
Length to Fork Face - 3-Stage Mast in. (mm)	122.2 (3,105)	122.2 (3,105)	124.0 (3,150)
Overall Width at Drive Tires in. (mm)	57.1 (1,450)	57.1 (1,450)	57.1 (1,450)
Forks - Thickness x Width x Length in. (mm)	2.0 x 6.0 x 42.0 (50 x 150 x 1,070)	2.0 x 6.0 x 42.0 (50 x 150 x 1,070)	2.0 x 6.0 x 42.0 (50 x 150 x 1,070)
Carriage Width / ITA Class in. (mm)	46.9 (1,190) / III	46.9 (1,190) / III	46.9 (1,190) / III
Ground Clearance under Mast in. (mm)	5.5 (140)	5.5 (140)	5.5 (140)
Ground Clearance - Center of Wheelbase in. (mm)	8.7 (220)	6.7 (170)	8.7 (220)
Right Angle Stacking Aisle (2-Stage Mast) †† in. (mm)	129.8 (3,295)	129.8 (3,295)	130.9 (3,325)
Right Angle Stacking Aisle (3-Stage Mast) †† in. (mm)	129.8 (3,295)	129.8 (3,295)	130.9 (3,325)
Turning Radius - Outside in. (mm)	108.3 (2,750)	108.3 (2,750)	109.5 (2,780)
PERFORMANCE			
Travel Speed, Forward - Loaded / Unloaded mph (k/hr.)	11.2 (18.0) / 12.1 (19.5)	9.3 (15.0) / 10.3 (16.5)	10.9 (17.5) / 11.8 (19.0)
Lifting Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (2-Stage) fpm (mm/s)	110 (560) / 116 (590)	110 (560) / 116 (590)	91 (460) / 95 (480)
Lifting Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (3-Stage) fpm (mm/s)	85 (430) / 91 (460)	85 (430) / 91 (460)	85 (430) / 91 (460)
Lowering Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (2-Stg) fpm (mm/s)	95 (480) / 108 (550)	95 (480) / 108 (550)	89 (450) / 89 (450)
Lowering Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (3-Stg) fpm (mm/s)	91 (460) / 81 (410)	91 (460) / 81 (410)	91 (460) / 81 (410)
Maximum Drawbar Pull - Loaded lbs. (kN)	7,180 (31.9)	8,360 (37.2)	6,890 (30.6)
Maximum Gradeability - Loaded / Unloaded at 1 mph %	31 / 22.0	39 / 22	29 / 21
Service Brake - Operation / Control	Foot / Hydraulic	Foot / Hydraulic	Foot / Hydraulic
Parking Brake - Operation / Control	Hand / Mechanical	Hand / Mechanical	Hand / Mechanical
Steering Type	Hydrostatic Power	Hydrostatic Power	Hydrostatic Power

TABLE CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

		FD40T-8	FD40T2-8	FD45T-8
DRIVE				<u> </u>
Battery Voltage / Capacity (20 hour	rating) V/Ah	24 / 70	24 / 70	24 / 70
Engine Model		S6D102E	S6D102E	S6D102E
Rated Output (SAE Gross)	HP (kW) @ rpm	95 (71) @ 2,150	95 (71) @ 2,150	95 (71) @ 2,150
Maximum Torque (SAE Gross)	lb.ft (Nm) @ rpm	275 (372) @ 1,000	275 (372) @ 1,000	275 (372) @ 1,000
No. of Cylinders / Displacement	cu. in. (cm <sup>3</sup> )		6 / 359 (5,880)	
Cylinder Bore x Stroke	in. (mm)	4.0 (102) x 4.7 (120)		
Fuel Tank Capacity	U.S. gallons (fiters)	26.4 (100)	26.4 (100)	26.4 (100)
OTHER		<del>'</del>		
Relief Pressure - Maximum	psi (bar)	2,700 (186)	2,700 (186)	2,700 (186)
Hydraulic Tank Capacity	U.S. gallons (liters)	14.5 (55)	14.5 (55)	14.5 (55)
Clutch		Torque Converter		
Transmission		TORQFLOW		
Air Cleaner Type		Cyclone	Cyclone	Cyclone

NOTE: Most values shown in this publication are rounded. Therefore, direct conversion between metric and English or Impenal may be slightly different than displayed in this table. The performance of the machines is affected by the condition of the vehicle and how it is equipped as well as the nature and condition of the operating area. If these specifications are critical or if your needs exceed the specifications shown here, discuss the proposed application with your authorized dealer.

<sup>\*</sup> Optional masts, attachments, longer load dimensions and higher lifting heights may result in derating of the capacity. Contact your authorized dealer.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Other mast heights available. See MAST DATA CHART for other mast heights. Contact your authorized dealer.

<sup>†</sup> Includes 48 in. (1,220 mm) high Load Backrest. Contact your authorized dealer for additional information.

<sup>††</sup> Add load length and clearance. Contact your authorized dealer.

# TRUCK DATA - PNEUMATIC TIRE LIFT TRUCKS (CON'T)

	FD45T2-8	FD50AT2-8
GENERAL		
Power Type	Diesel	Diesel
Operation Type	Sit Down	Sit Down
Capacity @ 24 in. (600 mm) Load Center * lbs. (kg)	10,000 (4,535)	11,000 (5,000)
Load Distance from Center Axle (2-Stage) in. (mm)	21.5 (545)	21.7 (550)
Load Distance from Center Axle (3-Stage) in. (mm)	21.5 (545)	21.7 (550)
Wheelbase in. (mm)	78.7 (2,000)	78.7 (2,000)
WEIGHT		I
Service Weight (inc. 2-Stage STD Mast/Forks lbs. (kg)	15,110 (6,855)	16,440 (7,455)
TIRES	<u> </u>	
Tire Type	Pneumatic	Pneumatic
Tire Size - Front	300 x 15 x 18PR (I)	300 x 15 x 18PR (I)
Tire Size - Rear	7.00 X 12-12PR (I)	7.00 X 12-62PR (I)
Number of Wheels - Front / Rear x = Driven	2x / 2	2x / 2
Tread (Center of Tires) - Front / Rear in. (mm)		/ 44.1 (1,120)
DIMENSIONS	1 ,,,,,,,	
Tilting Angle, 2-Stage (FV) Masts, Forward / Backward °	6 / 12	6 / 12
Tilting Angle, 3-Stage (TFV) Masts, Forward / Backward °	6/6	6/6
Mast Height - Lowered - 2-Stage Std. Mast in. (mm)	-	98.5 (2,500)
Mast Height - Extended - 2-Stage Mast † in. (mm)	178.0 (4,520)	178.0 (4,520)
Maximum Fork Height - 2-Stage STD Mast ** in. (mm)	130.0 (3,300)	130.0 (3,300)
Free Lift Height - 2-Stage STD Mast in. (mm)	7.0 (180)	7.0 (180)
Height Overhead Guard in. (mm)	88.8 (2,225)	88.8 (2,225)
Length to Fork Face - 2-Stage Mast in. (mm)	124.0 (3,150)	124.2 (3,155)
Length to Fork Face - 3-Stage Mast in. (mm)	124.0 (3,150)	124.2 (3,155)
Overall Width at Drive Tires in. (mm)	57.1 (1,450)	57.1 (1,450)
Forks - Thickness x Width x Length in. (mm)	2.0 x 6.0 x 42.0 (50 x 150 x 1,070)	2.0 x 6.0 x 42.0 (50 x 150 x 1,070)
Carriage Width / ITA Class in. (mm)	46.9 (1,190) / III	46.9 (1,190) / IV
Ground Clearance under Mast in. (mm)	5.5 (140)	5.5 (140)
Ground Clearance - Center of Wheelbase in. (mm)	8.7 (220)	8.7 (220)
Right Angle Stacking Aisle (2-Stage Mast) †† in. (mm)	130.9 (3,325)	131.1 (3,330)
Right Angle Stacking Aisle (3-Stage Mast) †† in. (mm)	130.9 (3,325)	131.1 (3,330)
Turning Radius - Outside in. (mm)	109.5 (2,780)	109.5 (2,780)
PERFORMANCE	1	
Travel Speed, Forward - Loaded / Unloaded mph (k/hr.)	13.7 (22.0) / 15.2 (24.5)	13.1 (21.0) / 14.9 (24.0
Lifting Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (2-Stage) fpm (mm/s)	91 (460) / 95 (480)	79 (400) / 95 (480)
Lifting Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (3-Stage) fpm (mm/s)	85 (430) / 91 (460)	79 (400) / 89 (450)
Lowering Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (2-Stg) fpm (mm/s)	89 (450) / 89 (450)	89 (450) / 89 (450)
Lowering Speed - Loaded / Unloaded (3-Stg) fpm (mm/s)	91 (460) / 81 (410)	95 (480) / 83 (420)
Maximum Drawbar Pull - Loaded lbs. (kN)	8,440 (37.5)	8,370 (37.2)
Maximum Gradeability - Loaded / Unloaded at 1 mph %	35 / 21	32 / 27
Service Brake - Operation / Control	Foot / Hydraulic	Foot / Hydraulic
Parking Brake - Operation / Control	Hand / Mechanical	Hand / Mechanical
•	1	

TABLE CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

		FD45T2-8	FD50AT2-8
DRIVE		I	
Battery Voltage / Capacity (20 hour	rating) V/Ah	24 / 70	24 / 70
Engine Model		S6D102E	S6D102E
Rated Output (SAE Gross)	HP (kW) @ rpm	95 (71) @ 2,150	95 (71) @ 2,150
Maximum Torque (SAE Gross)	lb.ft (Nm) @ rpm	275 (372) @ 1,000	275 (372) @ 1,000
No. of Cylinders / Displacement	cu. in. (cm <sup>3</sup> )	6 / 359	(5,880)
Cylinder Bore x Stroke	in. (mm)	4.0 (102)	4.7 (120)
Fuel Tank Capacity	U.S. gallons (liters)	26.4 (100)	26.4 (100)
OTHER			
Relief Pressure - Maximum	psi (bar)	2,700 (186)	2,700 (186)
Hydraulic Tank Capacity	U.S. gallons (liters)	14.5 (55)	14.5 (55)
Clutch		Torque C	onverter
Transmission		TORQ	FLOW
Air Cleaner Type		Cyclone	Cyclone

NOTE: Most values shown in this publication are rounded. Therefore, direct conversion between metric and English or Imperial may be slightly different than displayed in this table. The performance of the machines is affected by the condition of the vehicle and how it is equipped as well as the nature and condition of the operating area. If these specifications are critical or if your needs exceed the specifications shown here, discuss the proposed application with your authorized dealer.

Optional masts, attachments, longer load dimensions and higher lifting heights may result in derating of the capacity. Contact your authorized dealer.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Other mast heights available. See MAST DATA CHART for other mast heights. Contact your authorized dealer.

<sup>†</sup> Includes 48 in. (1,220 mm) high Load Backrest. Contact your authorized dealer for additional information.

<sup>††</sup> Add load length and clearance. Contact your authorized dealer.

# PERIODIC REPLACEMENT OF CONSUMABLE PARTS

For operational safety, always perform specified periodic maintenance, and be sure to replace all consumable parts listed in the table below following the recommended schedule.

These parts may deteriorate in time and are susceptible to wear. It is difficult to estimate the degree of wear at the time of your periodic maintenance, therefore, even if no wear is apparent, always replace the items with new parts within the scheduled period.

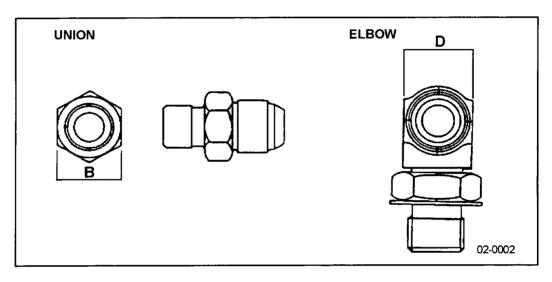
Consumable parts must certainly be replaced sooner than the recommended intervals if wear, damage or malfunction occurs earlier. An effective and timely inspection and maintenance program will reveal such conditions before more serious damage occurs to the truck.

No.	Part Name	Period of Replacement
1	Brake Master Cylinder and Wheel Cylinder caps and dust seals	Every 1 year
2	Brake hoses and tubes	Every 1 to 2 years
3	Brake reservoir tank and tube	Every 2 to 4 years
4	Power steering hose	Every 2 years
5	Stop lamp switch (Oil pressure type)	Every 2 years
6	Fuel hoses	Every 2 to 4 years
7	Rubber parts of power steering assembly	Every 2 years
8	Lift chain(s)	Every 2 to 4 years
9	Load handling hoses	Every 1 to 2 years

# STANDARD TIGHTENING TORQUE FOR PIPE JOINTS

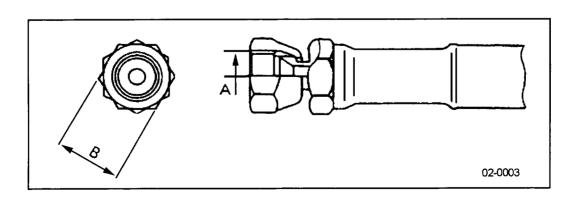
# Elbows, nipples and unions

Width across Flats B (mm)	22	30	36
Width D (mm)	19	22	30
Tightening Torque ft/lbs. (Nm) (kgfm)	21.7 - 28.9 (29.4 - 39.2) (3 - 4)	57.9 - 75.9 (78.5 - 103) (8 - 10.5)	86.8 - 119.3 (117.7 - 161.8) (12 - 16.5)
Port Size (in.)	3/4 - 16 UNF	7/8 - 14 UNF	
Tightening Torque Nm (kgfm)	50.6 - 54.3 (68.6 - 73.6) (7 - 7.5)	57.9 - 61.4 (78.5 - 83.3) (8 - 8.5)	

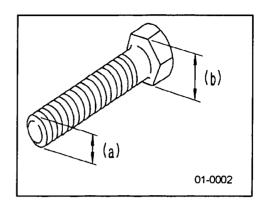


## High-pressure rubber hoses, pipes and sleeve nuts

Width across flats B (mm)	19	24	27	32	36
Bore A (mm)	14	18	22	24	30
Tightening Torque ft/lbs. (Nm) (kgfm)	14.5 - 21.7 (19.6 - 29.4) (2 - 3)	17.3 - 50.6 (23.5 - 68.6) (3 - 7)	43.4 - 72.4 (58.8 - 98.1) (6 - 10)	79.7 - 123.2 (108 - 167) (11 - 17)	108.4 - 151.9 (147 - 206) (15 - 21)



# STANDARD TIGHTENING TORQUE FOR BOLTS



Thread diameter	Width across	Tightening Torque			Tightening Torque		
of bolt - in. (mm) (a)	flat - in. (mm) (b)	lb./ft	Nm	kgfm			
.236 (6)	.394 (10)	9.73 ± 1.03	13.2 ± 1.4	1.35 ± 0.15			
.315 (8)	.512 (13)	23.2 ± 2.10	31.4 ± 2.9	3.20 ± 0.30			
.394 (10)	.669 (17)	48.5 ± 5.00	65.7 ± 6.8	6.70 ± 0.70			
.472 (12)	.748 (19)	82.6 ± 7.20	112 ± 9.8	11.5 ± 1.00			
.551 (14)	.866 (22)	131 ± 14.0	177 ± 19	18.0 ± 2.00			
.630 (16)	.945 (24)	206 ± 21	279 ± 29	28.5 ± 3.00			
.709 (18)	1.06 (27)	282 ± 29	383 ± 39	39.0 ± 3.00			
.787 (20)	1.18 (30)	405 ± 43	549 ± 58	56.0 ± 6.00			
.866 (22)	1.26 (32)	549 ± 58	745 ± 78	76.0 ± 8.00			
.945 (24)	1.42 (36)	684 ± 72	927 ± 98	94.5 ± 10.0			
1.06 (27)	1.61 (41)	973 ± 100	1,320 ± 140	135 ± 15			
1.18 (30)	1.81 (46)	1,270 ± 140	1,720 ± 190	175 ± 20			
1.30 (33)	1.97 (50)	1,630 ± 180	2,210 ± 240	225 ± 25			
1.42 (36)	2.16 (55)	2,030 ± 210	2,750 ± 290	280 ± 30			
1.54 (39)	2.36 (60)	2,420 ± 250	3,280 ± 340	335 ± 35			